

<u>Lesson 4 - Sports & Hobbies</u>

Welcome to lesson 4! Here, we will be getting into sports and hobbies. Do you like sports or do you play any sports? How about any hobbies? We will be learning vocabulary for many individual sports and hobbies, as well as how to express that you play or do these activities as well.

Sports

◆ (track 4-1)



a. 양궁	archery		
b. 배드민턴	badminton		
c. 야구	baseball		
d. 농구	basketball		
e. 볼링	bowling		
f. 복싱/권투	boxing		
g. 미식축구	American football		
h. 골프	golf		
i. 하키	hockey		
j. 스키	skiing		
k. 축구	soccer/football		
I. 수영	swimming		
m. 탁구	ping pong		
n. 테니스	tennis		
o. 배구	volleyball		
p. 요가	yoga		
q. 스케이트	skating		
r. 태권도	taekwondo		

Just like in English, there are certain verbs you can pair with each sport. Things like hit, kick, shoot, etc. The common verb 하다, which means 'to do', is used for many words and takes on a meaning of "play" when it is used. We will be looking at three main verbs that are used when referring to playing sports.

하다 (to do)

◄ (track 4-2)

a. 농구 하다	to play basketball
b. 축구 하다	to play soccer



c. 야구 하다	to play baseball		
d. 배구 하다	to play volleyball		
e. 수영 하다	to swim		
f. 태권도 하다	to do taekwondo		

Next, let's take a look at the verb 치다 which means to hit/strike. This verb is also used for playing certain musical instruments.

치다 (to hit/strike)

◄ (track 4-3)

a. 테니스 치다	to play tennis		
b. 탁구 치다	to play ping pong		
c. 배드민턴 치다	to play badminton		
d. 볼링 치다	to bowl		

Since the above sports involve the use of hitting something, the verb 치다 is used.

Next, let's look at the verb 타다. It's a very versatile verb with many meanings.

Usually people know this verb to mean 'to ride' in relation to things like cars, buses, and planes. But it can also be used with sports that involve riding something.

타다 (to ride)

◄ (track 4-4)

a. 스키 타다	to ski
b. 스케이트 타다	to skate

If you want to say you do something well, we use '잘' (well) paired with a sport or activity and its respective verb.



농구 잘 해요 = I play basketball well.

If you want to say you do something only slightly well or just a little bit, you can use '조금' (a little) paired with a sport or activity and its respective verb.

스케이트 조금 타요 = I skate a little.

If you want to say you don't do something well, you can use '잘 못' (잘 = well, 못 = can't) paired with a sport or activity and its respective verb.

수영 잘 못 해요 = I can't swim well.

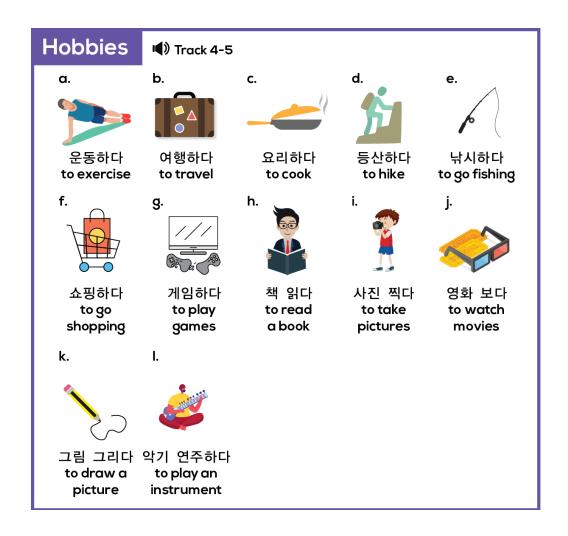
If you can't do something at all, you would use '전혀' (absolutely, not at all) paired with a sport or activity and its respective verb.

축구 전혀 못 해요. = I can't play soccer at all.

Hobbies

◆ (track 4-5)





운동하다	to exercise	
여행하다	to travel	
요리하다	to cook	
등산하다	to hike	
낚시하다	to go fishing	
쇼핑하다	to go shopping	
게임하다	to play games	
책 읽다	to read a book	
사진 찍다	to take pictures	
영화 보다	to watch a movie	



그림 그리다	to draw a picture
악기 연주하다	to play an instrument

As you can see, each hobby is paired with its own verb. Some of the verbs you can see above are:

◄ (track 4-6)

하다	to do (talked about this one earlier)	
읽다	to read	
찍다	to take a picture	
보다	to look, see, or watch	

^{*}Quiz on next page*

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Pro			

Look at the pictures, and write the correct number next to the Korean word.

1.



2.



3.



4.



5.



6.



7.



8.



9.



10.



농구

하키

축-

배드민턴

골프

하키

축구

배드민턴

랄프

Practice #2

Look at the pictures, and write the correct number next to the Korean word.

1.



a. 책 읽다

2.



b. 요리하다

3.



c. 낚시하다

4.



d. 운동하다

5.



e. 여행하다

6.



f. 악기 연주하다

7.



g. 사진 찍다

8.



h. 게임하다

Practice #1

Look at the pictures, and write the correct number next to the Korean word.

1.



2.



3.



4.



5.



6.



7.



8.



9.



10.



농구

하키 8 축구 5 배드민턴

7

골프

9

볼링

3

미식축구

6

요가

10

테니스

2

야구

4

