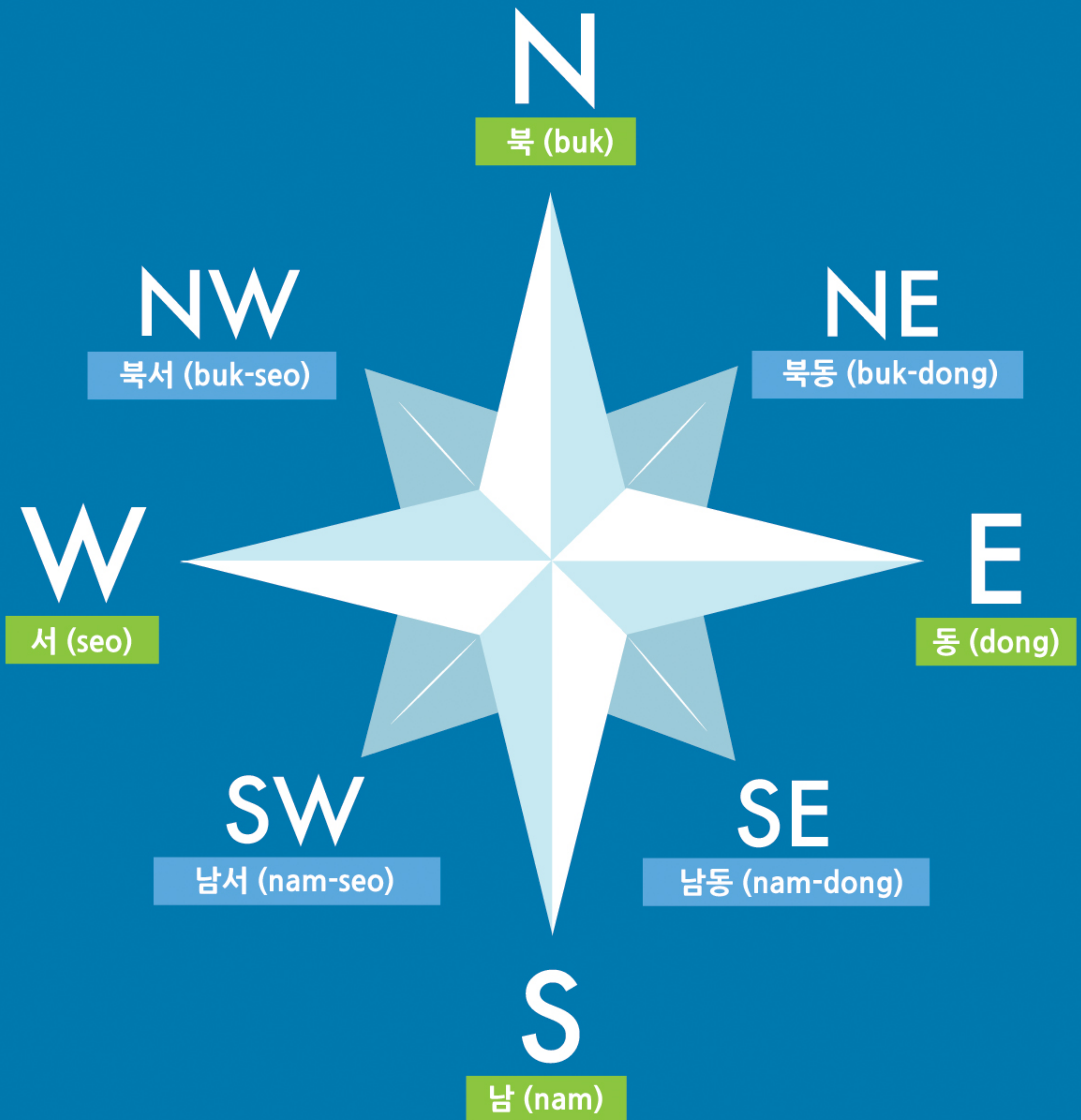


CARDINAL DIRECTIONS



Use 쪽 after these to specify direction

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CHARACTER & PERSONALITY

in Korean



똑똑한
ddok-ddok-han
Smart



후한
hu-han
Generous (with
money or food)



낙천적인
nak-cheon-jeok-in
Optimistic



비관적인
bi-gwan-jeok-in
Pessimistic



무례한
mu-rye-han
Rude



친절한
chin-jeol-han
Kind



친절하지 않은
chin-jeol-ha-ji an-eun
Unfriendly



정직한
jeong-jik-han
Honest



다혈질인
da-hyeol-jil-in
Hot tempered



이기적인
i-gi-jeok-in
Selfish



성실한
seong-shil-han
Hardworking



게으른
ge-eu-reun
Lazy

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HOW TO SAY CHICKEN IN KOREAN



닭
(dak)

Mainly used for the animal and certain Korean dishes that are chicken based

치킨
(chi-kin)

A Konglish word mainly used for fried chicken dishes

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CLOTHING AND FASHION

in Korean



티셔츠
(ti-shyeo-cheu)
T-shirt



안경
(an-gyeong)
Glasses



반지
(ban-ji)
Ring



양말
(yang-mal)
Socks



바지
(ba-ji)
Pants



청바지
(cheong-ba-ji)
Jeans



반바지
(ban-ba-ji)
Shorts



치마
(chi-ma)
Skirt



손목시계
(son-mok-shi-gye)
Watch



귀걸이
(gwi-geol-i)
Earrings



신발
(shin-bal)
Shoes



단추
(dan-chu)
Button

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AT THE COFFEE SHOP

DRINKS



아메리카노
(a-me-ri-ka-no)
Americano



라떼
(la-dde)
Latte



카푸치노
(ka-pu-chi-no)
Cappuccino



에스프레소
(e-seu-peu-le-so)
Espresso



카페 모카
(ka-pe mo-ka)
Caffe Mocha



마끼아또
(ma-kki-a-ddo)
Macchiato



녹차
(nok-cha)
Green Tea



핫초코
(hat-cho-ko)
Hot Chocolate

TEMPERATURE



뜨거운
(ddeu-geo-un)
Hot



따뜻한
(dda-ddeut-han)
Warm



차가운
(cha-ga-un)
Cold

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KNOW YOUR COLORS

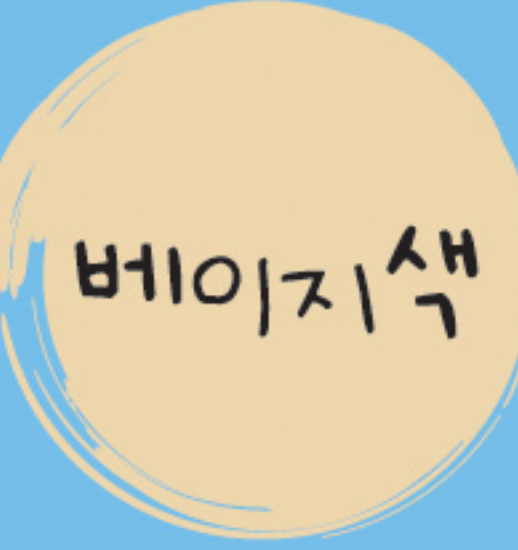
in Korean

BASIC COLORS

			
BBal-gan-saek (Red)	Cho-rok-saek (Green)	Pa-ran-saek (Blue)	No-ran-saek (Yellow)
			
Bo-ra-saek (Purple)	Ju-hwang-saek (Orange)	Geom-jeong-saek (Black)	Bun-hong-saek (Pink)
			
Hweh-saek (Gray)	Ha-yan-saek (White)	Bam-saek (Brown)	Nam-saek (Indigo/Navy)

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OTHERS

			
Jeok-kal-saek (Maroon)	Yeon-du-saek (Light Green)	Ha-neul-saek (Sky Blue)	Yeon-no-ran-saek (Light Yellow)
			
Yeon-bo-ra-saek (Light Purple)	Beh-ee-ji-saek (Beige)	Cheong-rok-saek (Turquoise)	Jin-bun-hong-saek (Dark Pink)
			
Geum-saek (Gold)	Eun-saek (Silver)	I-ee-bo-ri-saek (Ivory)	Bal-geun-saek (Light Gray)

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HOW TO SAY CONGRATULATIONS IN KOREAN

CASUAL

(To your friend
or someone younger)

축하해!

(chu-ka-hae)

INFORMAL POLITE

(To acquaintances, coworkers,
neighbors)

축하해요!

(chu-ka-hae-yo)

FORMAL

(To an older person)

축하합니다!

(chu-ka-ham-ni-da)

VERY FORMAL

(To a boss or teacher)

축하드립니다!

(chu-ka-deu-rim-ni-da)

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CONJUNCTIONS IN KOREAN

그리고

(geu-ri-go)
And/And then

그래서

(geu-rae-seo)
So/So that

그렇지만

(geu-reo-chi-man)
But/However
(to express
disappointment)

그런데

(geu-reon-de)
But/However

그러면

(geu-reo-myeon)
Then/In this case/
If it's so

아니면

(a-ni-myeon)
Or
(used to link
sentences)

때문에

(ddae-mun-e)
Because of

만약

(man-yak)
If

그래도

(geu-rae-do)
Even if/However/
Nonetheless

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INTERNET SLANG FOR CONSONANTS



ㅂ ㅂ

bye bye

ㅍ ㅍ

good game

(from "gg")

ㄱ ㄱ

go go

ㅇ ㅇ

nice play

(when playing games online)

ㄴ ㄴ

no no

ㅇ ㅇ

yes/응

ㅎ ㅎ

haha

ㅋ ㅋ

laughing

(same as "lol" &
pronounced as "keke")

ㅌ ㅌ

f*ck you

ㄷ ㄷ

trembling

(from 덜덜)

ㄹ ㄹ

congrats

(from from 축하해요)

ㅠㅠ/ㅂㅂ

crying

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COUNTING DAYS IN KOREAN



(ha-ru)
One day



(i-teul)
Two days



(sa-heul)
Three days



(na-heul)
Four days



(dat-sae)
Five days



(yeot-sae)
Six days



(i-re)
Seven days



(yeo-deu-re)
Eight days



(a-heu-re)
Nine days



(yeol-heul)
Ten days

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HOW TO SAY CUTE IN KOREAN



귀엽다

(gwi-yeop-da)
Basic dictionary form.
Means to be cute.



Formal

귀엽습니다

(gwi-yeop-seum-ni-da)

This is the highest form of the word cute. It's highly unlikely that you will use this version but it's still good to know.

Standard

귀여워요

(gwi-yeo-weo-yo)

Like all standard forms, simply add "요" to the base. Use this with people you are not close to or people older than you.

Casual

귀여워

(gwi-yeo-weo)

Use the simple casual form when you are around your close friends or people younger than you.

BONUS WORD

귀요미

(gwi-yo-mi)
A person who is cute

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DAYS OF THE WEEK IN KOREAN

Korean	Romanization	English
일요일 (일)	(il-yo-il)	Sunday
월요일 (월)	(weol-yo-il)	Monday
화요일 (화)	(hwa-yo-il)	Tuesday
수요일 (수)	(su-yo-il)	Wednesday
목요일 (목)	(mok-yo-il)	Thursday
금요일 (금)	(geum-yo-il)	Friday
토요일 (토)	(to-yo-il)	Saturday

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DESCRIBING FOOD

PT. 1!



달아요
(dal-a-yo)
It's sweet



셔요
(shyeo-yo)
It's sour



짜요
(jja-yo)
It's salty



쓰요
(sseo-yo)
It's bitter



매워요
(mae-weo-yo)
It's spicy

PHRASES



맛있어요
(ma-si-sseo-yo)
It's delicious



맛없어요
(mat-eop-seo-yo)
It's not delicious

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Directions in Korean

(while driving)



왼쪽 (좌회전)
woen-jjok (jwa-hoe-jeon)
Left



직진
jik-jin
Straight



오른쪽 (우회전)
o-reun-jjok (u-hoe-jeon)
Right



유턴
yu-teon
U-turn



후진
hu-jin
Back



맞은편
ma-jeun-pyeon
Opposite Side



신호등
shin-ho-deung
Traffic light



횡단보도
hoeng-dan-po-do
Crosswalk



사거리
sa-geo-ri
Intersection



길
gil
Road

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BEVERAGES IN KOREAN



물

(mul)
Water



주스

(ju-seu)
Juice



우유

(u-yu)
Milk



콜라

(kol-la)
Cola/Coke



맥주

(maek-ju)
Beer



커피

(keo-pi)
Coffee



차

(cha)
Tea



핫초코

(hat-cho-ko)
Hot Chocolate



와인

(wa-in)
Wine

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FEELINGS & EMOTIONS



무서워(요)
mu-seo-weo-(yo)
Scared



행복해(요)
haeng-bok-hae-(yo)
Happy



배고파(요)
bae-go-pa-(yo)
Hungry



화나(요)
hwa-na-(yo)
Angry



걱정돼(요)
geok-jeong-dwae-(yo)
Worried or anxious



부끄러워(요)
bu-keu-reo-weo-(yo)
Shy or embarrassed



슬퍼(요)
seul-peo-(yo)
Sad



아파(요)
ah-pah-(yo)
Sick or hurt



심심해(요)
shim-shim-hae-(yo)
Bored



놀랐어(요)
nol-lah-sseo-(yo)
Surprised



미쳤어(요)
mee-chyeo-sseo-(yo)
Crazy



피곤해(요)
pee-gon-hae-(yo)
Tired



졸려(요)
jol-lyeo-(yo)
Sleepy



부러워(요)
bu-reo-weo-(yo)
Envious



만족스러워(요)
man-jok-seu-leo-weo-(yo)
Content

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FEELINGS & EMOTIONS

PART 2



미워(요)
mi-weo-(yo)
Hate



웃어(요)
u-seo-(yo)
Smile/Laugh



사랑해(요)
sa-rang-hae-(yo)
Love



뽀뽀(요)
bbi-jyeo-sseo-(yo)
Pouting



우울해(요)
u-ul-hae-(yo)
Depressed



열받아(요)
yeol-bah-dah-(yo)
Pissed off



역겨워(요)
yeok-gyeo-weo-(yo)
Disgusted



신나(요)
shin-nah-(yo)
Excited



짜증나(요)
jja-jeung-na-(yo)
Annoyed



싫어(요)
shil-eo-(yo)
Dislike



혼란스러워(요)
hon-ran-seu-reo-weo-(yo)
Confused



궁금해(요)
gung-geum-hae-(yo)
Curious

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Exclamations in Korean

헐

(heol)
What../what
the.../ OMG

헉!

(heok)
OMG

아싸!

(a-ssa)
Yes!/Hooray!/
Yay!

대박

(dae-bak)
Awesome!

엄마야!

(eom-ma-ya)
OMG!/Oops

우와

(u-wa)
Wow

참!

(cham)
By the way!

아!

(ah)
Ouch!/
By the way

어?

(eo)
Huh?

네?

(ne)
Yes?

진짜?

(jin-jja)
Really?/Forreal?/
Seriously?

그래요?

(geu-rae-yo)
Is that so?/
Really?

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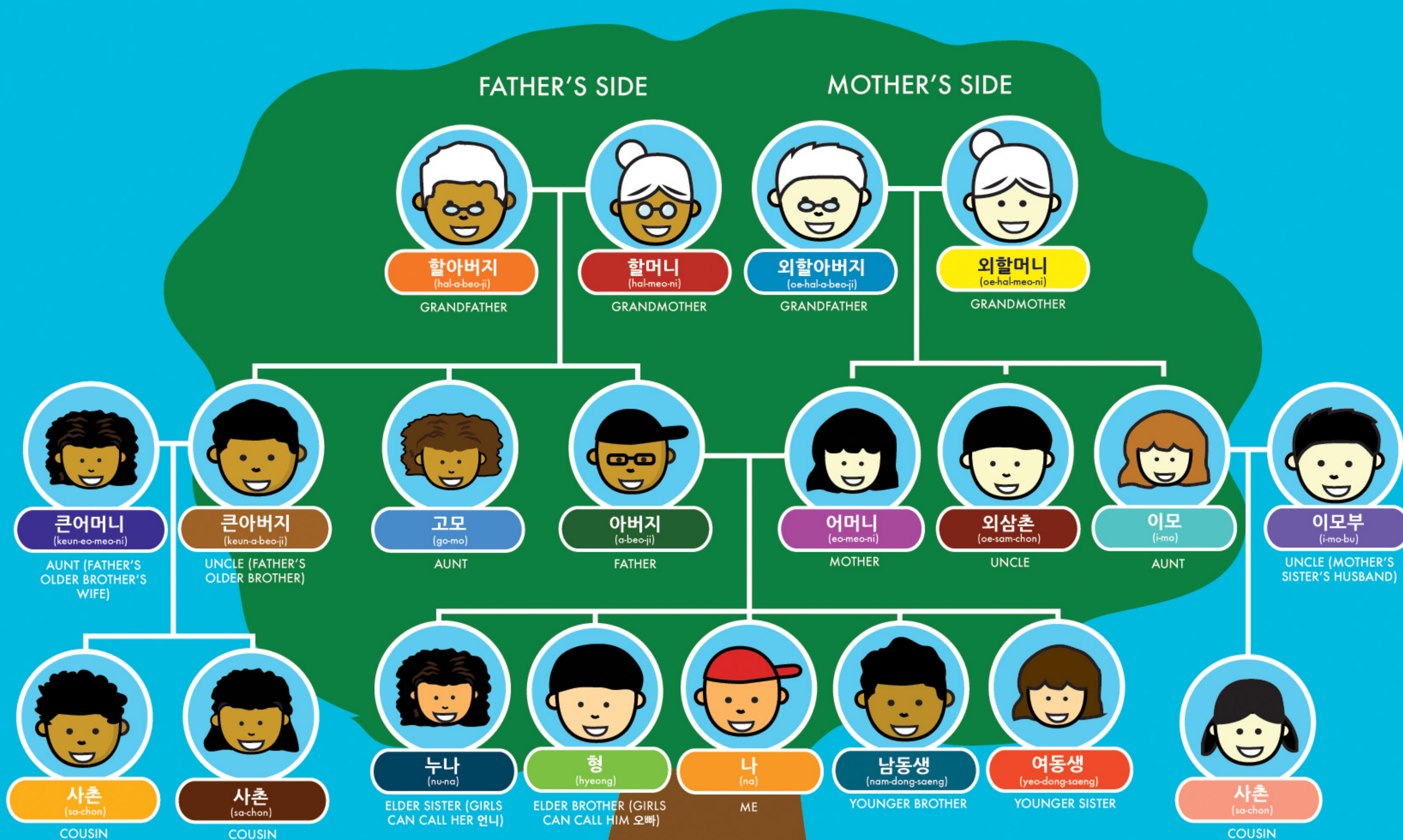
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FAMILY VOCABULARY IN KOREAN



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Korean Family Names that are also Vocabulary Words



초

(cho)
Seconds



배

(bae)
Pear

100

백

(baek)
One hundred



감

(gam)
Persimmon



금

(geum)
Gold



김

(gim)
Laver



문

(mun)
Door

W



서

(seo)
West



차

(cha)
Tea

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FIRE IN KOREAN

(small difference)



불
(bool)

Fire



화재
(hwa-jae)

Disaster
caused by a fire

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꽃
(kkot)
Flower



장미
(jang-mi)
Rose



튤립
(tyu-ul-lib)
Tulip



해바라기
(hae-ba-ra-gi)
Sunflower

FORMAL VS. INFORMAL WORDS IN KOREAN

FORMAL

댁 (daek)



HOUSE

INFORMAL

집 (jib)

어머니 (eo-meo-ni)



MOTHER

엄마 (eom-ma)

아버지 (a-beo-ji)



FATHER

아빠 (a-ppa)

무료 (mu-ryo)



FREE

공짜 (gong-jja)

생신 (saeng-sin)



BIRTHDAY

생일 (saeng-il)

말씀 (mal-sseum)



SPEECH

말 (mal)

성함 (seong-ham)



NAME

이름 (i-reum)

진지 (jin-ji)



MEAL

밥 (bab)

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FORMAL VS. INFORMAL WORDS IN KOREAN

part 2!

FORMAL

INFORMAL

따님 (dda-nim)



DAUGHTER

딸 (ddal)

아드님 (a-deu-nim)



SON

아들 (a-deul)

연세 (yeon-se)

25

AGE

나이 (na-i)

주무시다 (ju-mu-shi-da)



SLEEP

자다 (ja-da)

계시다 (gye-shi-da)

EXIST

TO EXIST

있다 (it-da)

드리다 (deu-li-da)



TO GIVE

주다 (ju-da)

말씀하시다
(mal-sseum-ha-shi-da)



TO SPEAK

말하다 (mal-ha-da)

잡수시다
(jab-su-shi-da)



TO EAT

먹다 (meok-da)

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FRUITS 과일



사과

Sa-gwa
(Apple)



살구

Sal-gu
(Apricot)



아보카도

Ah-bo-ka-do
(Avocado)



바나나

Ba-na-na
(Banana)



블랙베리

Beul-laek-be-li
(Blackberry)



블루베리

Beul-lu-be-li
(Blueberry)



체리

Che-li
(Cherry)



코코넛

Ko-ko-neot
(Coconut)



크랜베리

Keu-laen-be-li
(Cranberry)



피타야

Pi-ta-ya
(Dragonfruit)



포도

Po-do
(Grapes)



자몽

Ja-mong
(Grapefruit)



대추

Dae-chu
(Jujube)



키위

Kee-wee
(Kiwi)



금귤

Geum-gyul
(Kumquat)



레몬

Le-mon
(Lemon)



라임

Lah-eem
(Lime)



망고

Mahn-go
(Mango)



승도복숭아

Seung-do-bok
sung-ah
(Nectarine)



오렌지

O-ren-ji
(Orange)



복숭아

Bok-sung-ah
(Peach)



배

Bae
(Pear)



감

Gahm
(Persimmon)



파인애플

Pah-eeen-ae-peul
(Pineapple)



자두

Ja-du
(Plum)



석류

Seok-ryu
(Pomegranate)



산딸기

San-ddal-gi
(Raspberry)



딸기

Ddal-gi
(Strawberry)



귤

Gyul
(Tangerine)



수박

Su-bak
(Watermelon)

[MENU]

Attack  공격	Next  다음	Previous  지난	Team  팀	Close  닫기
Open  열기	Choose  선택	Cancel  취소	Confirm  확인	Decide  결정

[ITEMS]

Reward  보상	Treasure  보물	Damage  데미지	Sword  검	Knife  칼
Tool  도구	Armor  갑옷	Weapon  무기	Rating  등급	Repair  수리

[CHARACTER]

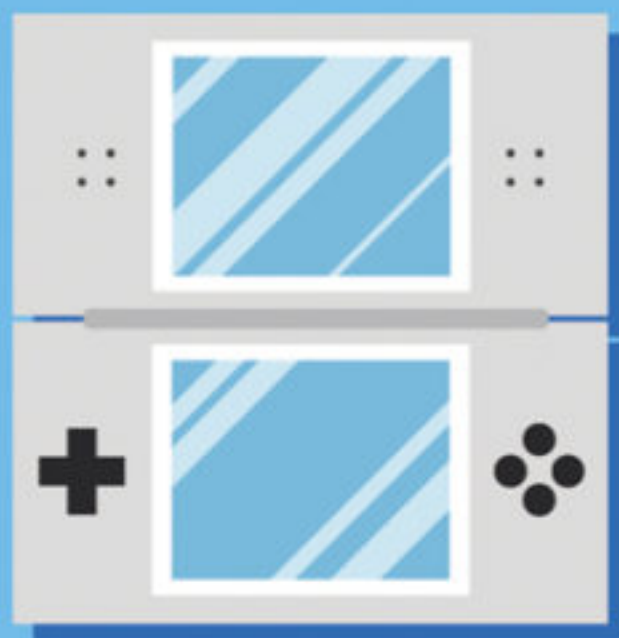
Defense  방어력	Name D _ _ _ 이름	Health  체력	Speed  속도	Stamina  스태미나
Power  힘	Intelligence  지능	Agility  민첩	Muscular Strength  근력	Level  레벨

[MISC]

Maximum  최대	Minimum  최소	Total  총	Properties  속성	Cost  코스트
Gold  황금	Automatic  자동	Good Game GG 지지	Coin  코인	Energy  에너지

HOW TO SAY GOOD GAME IN KOREAN

스스



스 스 is often used to tell someone 'good game' when playing games on Korean servers. It comes from the phonetic pronunciation of 지지 which is basically the sound of 'gg'.

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HOW TO SAY GOOD LUCK IN KOREAN



화이팅!
[hwa-i-ting]
You can do it!



잘 해(요)!
[jal hae-(yo)]
Do well!

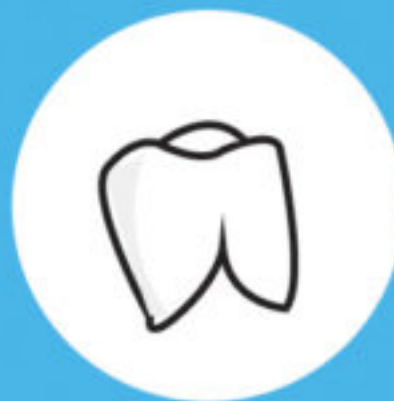


잘 하고 와(요)!
[jal ha-go wa-(yo)]
Do well and return

THINGS THAT ARE SAID TO BRING GOOD LUCK IN KOREA



The number 7 is
considered lucky in Korea.



If a child loses a baby
tooth, people say you
can have good luck if
you throw it on the roof.



Dreaming about a pig
means good luck and
wealth are coming your way!

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GOOD MORNING IN KOREAN

MOST COMMON WAY

안녕하세요

(an-nyeong-ha-se-yo)

You may know this phrase as "hello" in Korean, but this phrase is used for most greetings (day and night).

SECOND WAY

좋은 아침

(jo-eun a-chim)

The second way literally means good (좋은) morning (아침) in Korean. While it is understood when it is used, 안녕하세요 is used much more often.

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GOOD NIGHT IN KOREAN

FORMAL

안녕히 주무세요

[an-nyeong-hi ju-mu-se-yo]

You would say this to people older than yourself, especially towards seniors.



zzzzzz

STANDARD / CASUAL

잘 자요 / 잘 자

[jal ja-(yo)]

The first one is the standard good night towards someone you know. Use the second one for people you are close to.

OTHERS

안녕히 주무셨어요? / 잘 잤어(요)?

[an-nyeong-hi ju-mu-shyeo-sseo-yo]

Did you sleep well? (Formal)

[jal ja-sseo-(yo)]

Did you sleep well?
(Standard & Casual)

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GRANDFATHER IN KOREAN



FATHER'S SIDE

할아버지

(hal-a-beo-ji)

할아버님 (formal)

(hal-a-beo-nim)



MOTHER'S SIDE

외할아버지

(oe-hal-a-beo-ji)

외할아버님 (formal)

(oe-hal-a-beo-nim)

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GRANDMOTHER IN KOREAN



FATHER'S SIDE

할머니
(hal-meo-ni)

할머니님 (formal)
(hal-meo-nim)



MOTHER'S SIDE

외할머니
(oe-hal-meo-ni)

외할머니님 (formal)
(oe-hal-meo-nim)

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SAYING HELLO AND GOODBYE IN KOREAN

Korean has a few ways of saying hello and goodbye. Usually there is just one standard greeting, but there are also times when you can use different greetings when you or someone is leaving a place.



#1 “안녕하세요?”

(an-nyeong-ha-se-yo)

This is the most basic greeting in Korean. You will hear this often, and you can greet people you know with this. The literal translation for this is “Are you at peace?” This is polite, but the more formal version of this greeting would be “안녕하십니까?”



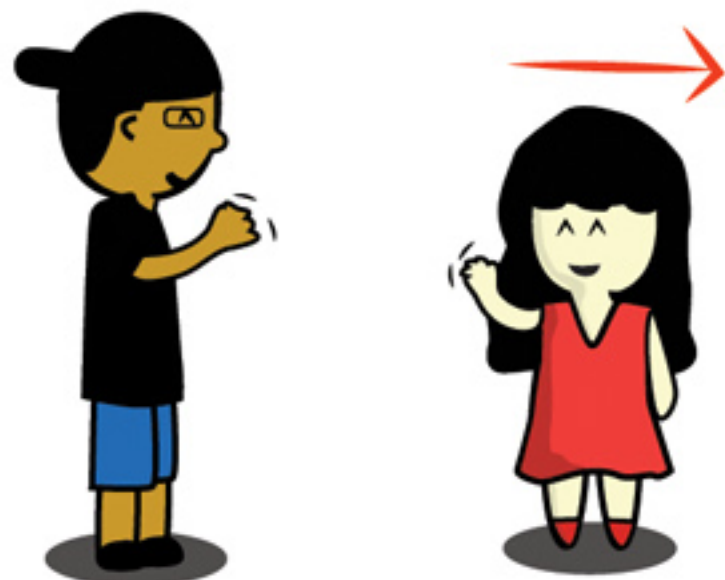
FORMAL

안녕하십니까?
(an-nyeong-ha-shib-ni-kka)

#2 “안녕히 계세요”

(an-nyeong-hee gye-se-yo)

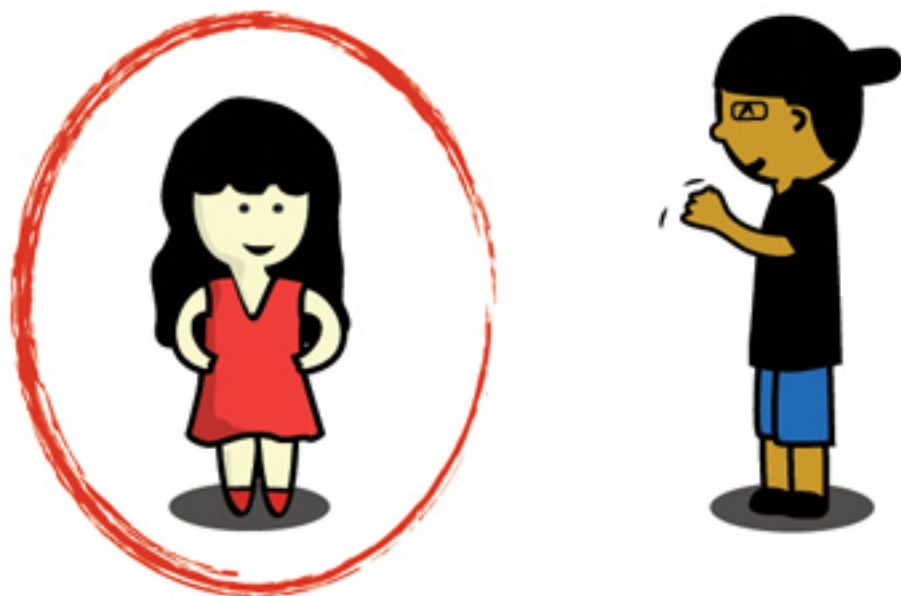
You can use this phrase if you are leaving a place, and the other person is staying.



#3 “안녕히 가세요”

(an-nyeong-hee ga-se-yo)

You can use this phrase if you are staying, and the other person is leaving. If you are both leaving, you can use this as well.



#4 안녕/안녕

(an-nyeong/an-nyong)

RULES

Only use these with close friends. It's rude otherwise.



Short ways of saying Hello (#1). “안녕” can be used as a hello and goodbye. “안녕” is a cute way of saying the same thing, but it's not gramatically correct.

HAIR COLORS

IN KOREAN (natural colors)



검은색 머리

(geom-eun meo-ri)
Black hair



금발

(geum-bal)
Blonde hair



갈색 머리

(gal-saek meo-ri)
Brown hair



짙은갈색 머리

(jit-eun-gal-saek meo-ri)
Dark brown hair



빨간 머리

(bbal-gan meo-ri)
Red hair



흰 머리/백발

(hwin meo-ri/baek-bal)
Gray hair/White hair

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PRONOUNCING THE HANGUL ALPHABET (CONSONANTS)



기역/쌍기역
(gi-yeok/
ssang-gi-yeok)



니은
(ni-eun)



디귄/쌍디귄
(di-geut/
ssang-di-geut)



리을
(ri-eul)



미음
(mi-eum)



비읍/쌍비읍
(bi-eup/
ssang-bi-eup)



시읏/쌍시읏
(si-ot/
ssang-si-ot)



이응
(i-eung)



지읏/쌍지읏
(ji-eut/
ssang-ji-eut)



치읓
(chi-eut)



키읔
(ki-euk)



티읏
(ti-eut)



피읖
(pi-eup)



히읇
(hi-eut)

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HAPPY BIRTHDAY IN KOREAN

VOCABULARY

생일 (saeng-il) = Birthday



생일파티 (saeng-il-pa-ti) = Birthday party



양초 (yang-cho) = Candle



미역국 (mi-yeok-guk) = Seaweed soup



돌잔치 (dol-jan-chi) = 1st birthday party

1st

HOW TO SAY HAPPY BIRTHDAY

FORMAL

생일 축하드립니다!
(saeng-il chuk-ha-deu-rim-ni-da)

GENERAL

생일 축하합니다!
(saeng-il chuk-ha-ham-ni-da)

생일 축하해요!
(saeng-il chuk-ha-hae-yo)

HAPPY BIRTHDAY SONG

생일 축하합니다
(saeng-il chuk-a-ham-ni-da)

생일 축하합니다
(saeng-il chuk-a-ham-ni-da)

사랑하는 (name) 씨
(sa-rang-ha-neun name sshi)

생일 축하합니다
(saeng-il chuk-a-ham-ni-da)

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HOW TO SAY HEART IN KOREAN



심장
(sim-jang)

This term is used to describe the actual organ inside of your body that pumps blood and keeps you alive.

마음
(ma-eum)

This word describes your feelings, emotions, or preference for something. It is often used to describe heartbreak as well. 마음이 아파요 refers to heartbreak.

가슴
(ga-seum)

This word refers to your physical chest/breast but can also be used to talk about the feelings in your mind/heart. 가슴이 아파요 can mean heartbreak or actual pain in your chest depending on the context.

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10 COMMON KOREAN HOMONYMS

(WORDS SPELLED THE SAME BUT HAVE A DIFFERENT MEANING)

1



SNOW

눈
(noon)



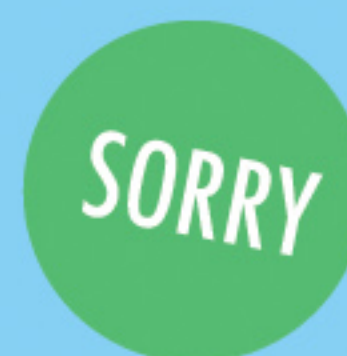
EYE

2



APPLE

사과
(sah-gwa)



APOLOGY

3



DOG

개
(gae)



COUNTER
(FOR THINGS)

can be used as a family name (rare)

4



GLUE

풀
(pool)



GRASS

5



PEAR

배
(bae)



BOAT

can also mean tummy and be used as a family name

6



BRIDGE

다리
(da-ri)



LEG

7



CAR

차
(cha)

can be used as a family name



TEA

8



STEAM

김
(kim)

can be used as a family name



SEAWEED

9



HORSE

말
(mal)



SPEECH/
WORDS

10

10

NUMBER 10
(NATIVE KOREAN)

열
(yeol)



FEVER

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10 COMMON KOREAN HOMONYMS

PT.2!



(WORDS SPELLED THE SAME BUT HAVE A DIFFERENT MEANING)

1



MOLE/DOT

점

(jeom)



FORTUNE
TELLING

2

8

EIGHT

팔

(pal)



ARM

3



SMOKE

연기

(yeon-gi)



ACTING

4



TEMPLE

절

(jeol)



BOW
(deep bow with knees)

5



TO BE
RIGHT

맞다

(maht-da)



TO BE HIT

6



GIFT/
PRESENT

선물

(seon-mul)



FUTURES
(STOCKS)

7



SUN

해

(hae)

2013
2014
2015
2016

YEAR

8



GUITAR

기타

(gee-tah)



THE REST/
OTHERS

9



TO BURN

타다

(tah-da)



TO RIDE

10

1

NUMBER 1
(SINO KOREAN)

일

(il)



DAY

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HOW TO SAY BROTHER IS IN KOREAN

For women talking about their brother

OLDER BROTHER

오빠
(o-ppa)

YOUNGER BROTHER

(남)동생
(nam-dong-saeng)

* 오빠 is also used in general by many women when referring to a close male friend who is older.

For men talking about their brother

OLDER BROTHER

형
(hyeong)

YOUNGER BROTHER

(남)동생
(nam-dong-saeng)

* 형 is also used in general by many men when referring to a close friend who is older.

Also note that with 동생, 남 and 여 are usually omitted.

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HOW TO SAY CAT IN KOREAN



고양이
(go-yang-i)

Related words:

야옹

(ya-ong)

Meow

호랑이

(ho-rang-i)

Tiger

사자

(sa-ja)

Lion

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HOW TO SAY GOOD JOB IN KOREAN



1.

잘 했습니다.

Formal (jal hae-sseum-ni-da)

잘 했어요.

Standard (jal hae-sseo-yo)

잘 했어.

Casual (jal hae-sseo)

Literally,
"You did well."

2.

수고하셨습니다.

Formal (su-go ha-shyeo-sseum-ni-da)

수고했어요.

Standard (su-go hae-sseo-yo)

수고했어.

Casual (su-go hae-sseo)

This is more formal than the first, & you would use it towards someone who just finished doing some hard work. Meanings include:



- "Thank you for your hard work"
- "Good work."
- "Congrats on finishing your work."

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HOW TO SAY THANK YOU IN KOREAN

1

FORMAL

감사합니다 (gam-sa-ham-ni-da): This is the most common way of saying thank you in Korean. You can use this with pretty much anyone. This is especially useful in public places like stores, restaurants, etc.

고맙습니다 (go-map-seum-ni-da): This is the second formal way of saying thank you. This, and 감사합니다 are pretty much the same.



2

POLITE

고마워요 (go-ma-weo-yo): Although this is the standard form, you will only use this with people close to you who are also older than you.

3

INFORMAL

고마워 (go-ma-weo): Use this with close people you know (friends, siblings, etc.) and people younger than you.

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HOW TO SAY YES IN KOREAN



(ne) Standard yes that can be used in most situations



(ye) For use in formal situations



(eung/eo) Casual forms of yes. Not to be used with people older than you or don't know well.

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HOW TO SAY DELICIOUS IN KOREAN

맛

(mat)



Means
"taste"

+

있다

(i-tta)



Means
"to exist"

Put these two together, and you get:

맛있다

It means delicious
(literal meaning is "taste exists")

FORMAL

맛있습니다

(ma-shi-sseum-ni-da)

STANDARD

맛있어요

(ma-shi-sseo-yo)

INFORMAL

맛있어

(ma-shi-sseo)



Very delicious

너무/완전 맛있어요

(neo-mu/wan-jeon
ma-shi-sseo-yo)

It looks delicious



맛있겠다!

(ma-shi-ge-tta)

To say something is not delicious or tastes bad, use

맛없다

(mat-eop-da)

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HOW TO SAY HONEY IN KOREAN

For honey that
bees make:



꿀/벌꿀

kkul / bbeol ggul

For honey as a
romantic endearment:



자기(야)/여보

ja-gi-[ya] / yeo-bo
(Yeobo is used by
married couples)

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HOW TO SAY STAR IN KOREAN



별

byeol

Related Vocabulary

별빛

byeol-bit
Starlight

별자리

byeol-ja-ri
Constellation

별표

byeol-pyo
Asterisk

새별

saet-byeol
Morning star

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HOW TO SAY TEACHER IN KOREAN



선생님

The most common way to address someone as a teacher. Pronounced as (seon-saeng-nim)

쌤/쌤

A shortened way of saying teacher in Korean. Pronounced as (saem/ssaem)

OTHER VOCABULARY



교장 선생님
PRINCIPAL
(gyo-jang-seon-saeng-nim)



교감 선생님
VICE PRINCIPAL
(gyo-gam-seon-saeng-nim)



부장 선생님
HEAD TEACHER
(bu-jang-seon-saeng-nim)



교수
PROFESSOR
(gyo-su)

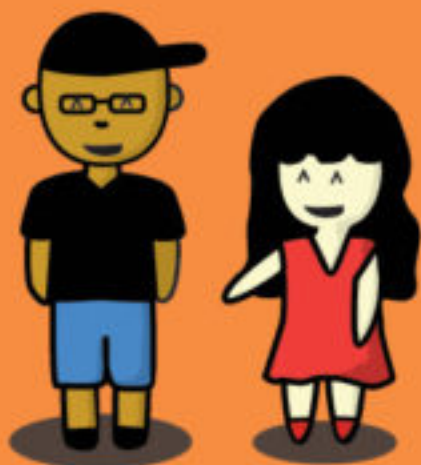
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How to Say Why in Korean

Polite

왜요?

This is the polite way of asking someone why. Notice the “요” is added on here.

Casual

왜?

This is the casual way of asking someone why. Notice the “요” is not added on here.

In full sentences like asking what's wrong or why you are doing something, just 왜 would be used regardless of it's a polite or casual conversation. For example:

왜 그래요? What's wrong?

왜 안 먹어요? Why aren't you eating?

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HUNGRY IN KOREAN

Basic Vocabulary



배
(bae)
Stomach



고프다
(go-peu-da)
To be hungry



부르다
(bu-leu-da)
To be full

To say you are hungry or full, you need to use the adjectives “고프다” or “부르다” with the noun “배” which means stomach. It is grammatically correct to add “가” after “배”, but it is usually left out in spoken Korean.

I'm hungry:

Formal: 배고픉니다

Standard: 배고파요

Informal: 배고파

I'm full:

Formal: 배부릅니다

Standard: 배불러요

Informal: 배불러

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SYMPTOMS & ILLNESSES IN KOREAN



감기

(gam-gi)
A cold

독감

(dok-gam)
Flu

두통

(du-tong)
Headache

치통

(chi-tong)
Toothache

복통

(bok-tong)
Stomachache

구토

(gu-to)
Vomiting

변비

(byeon-bi)
Constipation

열

(yeol)
Fever

고열

(go-yeol)
High fever

기침

(gi-chim)
Coughing

콧물

(kot-mul)
Runny nose

암

(am)
Cancer

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SYMPTOMS & ILLNESSES IN KOREAN

PART 2



고혈압

(go-hyeol-ab)
High Blood
Pressure

저혈압

(jeo-hyeol-ab)
Low Blood
Pressure

뇌진탕

(nweh-jin-tang)
Concussion

당뇨병

(dang-nyo-byeong)
Diabetes

수술

(su-sul)
Surgery

무좀

(mu-jom)
Athlete's Foot

설사

(seol-sa)
Diarrhea

귀통

(gwi-tong)
Earache

질환

(jil-hwan)
Disease

생리통

(saeng-ri-tong)
Menstrual
Cramps

궤양

(gweh-yang)
Ulcer

재채기

(jae-chae-gi)
Sneeze

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HOW TO SAY I LOVE YOU IN KOREAN

사랑해

(sa-rang-hae)

I love you.

Use this with close people like family, boyfriends, girlfriends, etc. There is no formal "요" ending because you are saying it to people you are close to. You usually wouldn't add "나" or "너" (I and you) because it is implied.

나도 사랑해

(na-do sa-rang-hae)

I love you too.

If someone tells you they love you, you can respond (if you feel the same way!) by saying this phrase.

사랑행

(sa-rang-haeng)

Extra cute way of saying

I love you.

Some people like to add this ending to sound more cute.

It is a form of aegyo.

OTHER RELATED PHRASES

좋아해요 많이 좋아해요

(jo-wa-hae-yo)

I like you.

(man-i jo-wa-hae-yo)

I like you.

당신 없인 못 살아

(dang-shin eob-shin mot sar-a)

I can't live without you.

OTHER VOCABULARY



여자친구

(yeo-ja-chin-gu)

Girlfriend



남자친구

(nam-ja-chin-gu)

Boyfriend



커플

(keo-peul)

Couple



데이트

(deh-i-teu)

Date

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I MISS YOU IN KOREAN

Casual

보고 싶어

(bo-go-ship-eo)

This is the most common way to say I miss you. Since missing someone implies closeness, you will almost always be using the casual form which drops the “요”



Standard/Polite

보고 싶어요

(bo-go-ship-eo-yo)

Since you will usually be saying I miss you to someone close to you, you will rarely use this one except when phrasing as a question to a friend. (Do you miss so and so?)



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HOW TO SAY KISS IN KOREAN



포포

(bbo-bbo)

A cute way of saying kiss in Korean. This usually refers to a peck on the cheeks or lips.

키스

(ki-seu)

This refers to a more serious or real kiss on the lips.

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K O N G L I S H

ENGLISH LOAN WORDS (DIRECT)

섹시

SEXY

캔

CAN

택시

TAXI

치킨

CHICKEN

버스

BUS

메뉴

MENU

아이디

ID

팀

TEAM

팝송

POP SONG

퓨전

FUSION

WORDS FROM ENGLISH (SAME/SIMILAR MEANING)

아파트

(APART)

APARTMENT

파마

PERM

볼펜

(BALL PEN)

BALL POINT
PEN

리모컨

(REMOCON)

REMOTE
CONTROL

원샷

ONE SHOT

에어컨

(AIRCON)

AIR
CONDITIONER

원룸

(ONE ROOM)

ONE ROOM
APARTMENT

원피스

ONE PIECE

클립

(CLIP)

PAPER CLIP

에로

(ERO)

EROTIC
MOVIE

WORDS FROM ENGLISH BUT DIFFERENT MEANINGS

K
O
R
E
A
N

M
E
A
N
I
N
G
S

스탠드

(STAND)

LAMP

맨션

(MANSION)

LUXURY
APARTMENT

팬시

(FANCY)

FANCY
STATIONARY

사이다

(CIDER)

SOFT DRINK
LIKE SPRITE

샤프

(SHARP)

MECHANICAL
PENCIL

오픈카

(OPEN CAR)

CONVERTIBLE

팬티

(PANTIES)

UNDERWEAR
(MEN & WOMEN)

핫도그

(HOT DOG)

CORNDOG

이벤트

(EVENT)

SPECIAL, DISCOUNT,
PROMO

글래머

(GLAMOUR)

VOLUPTUOUS

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K

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PART 2

ENGLISH LOAN WORDS (DIRECT)

디저트

DESSERT

보이

BOY

클리닉

CLINIC

퀴즈

QUIZ

리본

RIBBON

본드

(BOND)

SUPER GLUE

헤어핀

HAIR PIN

포켓볼

(POCKETBALL)

AMERICAN
POOL

컨설팅

CONSULTING

콘텐츠

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(BAND)

BAND-AID

데모

(DEMO)

DEMONSTRATION

게임룸

GAME ROOM

드라이버

(DRIVER)

SCREWDRIVER

화이트

(WHITE)

WHITE OUT

서비스

(SERVICE)

FREE OF CHARGE

오피스텔

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STUDIO APARTMENTS
WITH OFFICES BELOW

노트

(NOTE)

NOTEBOOK

셀프

(SELF)

SELF SERVICE

랩

(WRAP)

PLASTIC
WRAP

WORDS FROM ENGLISH BUT DIFFERENT MEANINGS

K
O
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I
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G
S

핸들

(HANDLE)

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WHEEL

핸드폰

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CELLULAR
PHONE

히프

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(TALENT)

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ACTRESS

스킨십

(SKINSHIP)

INTIMACY

커닝

(CUNNING)

CHEATING

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VARIATIONS

HAPPY = ^_^, ^0^ SERIOUS = - - CRYING = TT TT, TT _ TT

SWEATING = ^_^; SURPRISED = +_+ EMBARRASSED >.<

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KOREAN EMOTICONS & ABBREVIATIONS



MORE EXPLANATIONS

응 Yes/Agreement	오케이 OK in Konglish	닥쳐 Shutup/Shut your trap	축하해요 Congratulations
감사합니다 Thank you	LAUGHING Also ㅋㅋㅋ, ㅋㅋㄷㄷ	선생님 Teacher	
수고하세요 Keep up the good work	반가워요 Nice to meet you	덜덜 Used as shivering when scared or amazed	
하이 "Hi" in Konglish	AWESOME/ TERRIBLE Kind of like "damn!" but not bad	지금 Now	어떻게 How

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멘붕

(men-bung)

Short for 멘탈붕괴.
A state of mental shock.

개소리

(gae-so-ri)

Literally means
"dog sound" and
is used when you
think a statement
is totally wrong.

불금

(bool-geum)

Fire or burning
Friday! Basically
the same as TGIF.
Go crazy because
it's the weekend!

시월드

(shi-weol-deu)

In-law's/husband's
family's world. From
the perspective of
the wife, Their world
engulfs hers.

야매

(ya-mae)

A fake/knockoff
product usually
bought from
the black market.

엄친아

(eom-chin-ah)

Short for 엄마 친구 아들
and means my mom's
friend's son. The
son is also good at
everything.

K O R E A N S L A N G

(ahn-mool)

Short for 안 물어보다
and basically
means "I didn't ask
for your opinion."
It's not polite.

안물

(jjang)

Koreans say
this when something
awesome happens.
Can be added to
many other words.

짱!

(meok-bang)

Literally means
an "eating broadcast".
Basically watching
someone eat on TV
or through the net.

먹방

(saeng-chuk)

Short for 생일 축하
which means Happy
Birthday.

생축

(al-ba)

Short for 아르바이트
which means
part-time job.

알바

(chi-maek)

Means chicken
and beer. It is
short for 치킨+맥주.

치맥

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KOREAN SLANG GUIDE

TYPES OF PEOPLE

바람둥이

A player

남사친

A guy who is just a friend

남친

Boyfriend

여친

Girlfriend

• 덕후

Person who has an obsession with something

음란마귀

Someone who has a dirty mind

변태

Perv

얼짱

Someone who looks good

사랑꾼

Person with a lot of love

훈남

Handsome guy with manners

까도남

City man who is arrogant & condescending

뇌섹남

Attractive guy who is also smart

왕따

Outsider/ Outcast

베이글녀

A cute but sexy girl

모쏜

Someone who has never been in a relationship

엄친아/ 엄친딸

The perfect child who is good at everything

선수

A Player (dates around)

셀럽

Short for "celebrity"

• 놈

Man/Person

얼빠

Really likes good looking people

붕어빵

Two people that look the same

금사빠

Someone who easily falls in love

그린라이트

Crush who is showing interest in you

갑/갑이다

The boss or most influential person in a group

• 된장남/ 된장녀

Superficial person who lives beyond their means

썸

"Something" romantic between 2 people

몸짱

A good looking body

RANDOM THINGS

반사

Right back at you!/Takes one to know one

만렙

Level 10,000 (when someone is really good at something)

셀카

A selfie

비번

Short for password

뽕치지마

Stop lying

드립치다

To make a joke or a clever comment

썰

Story

간지난다

Awesome/ Stylish

평타

Average

포스 있다

Having "The Force"

쩐다

Very cool

고퀄

Good/High quality (referring to merchandise)

리즈

Prime of your life

불금

Fire Friday/ TGIF

언플

Media Manipulation

댓츠노노

That's a no no/ Disagreement

짤

Photo/ Picture

FOOD RELATED

맛점

A delicious lunch

아점

Brunch

치맥

Chicken & Beer

피맥

Pizza & Beer

소맥

Soju mixed with beer

소콜

Soju mixed with Cola

폭탄주

Strong mixed cocktail

먹방

An eating broadcast

일차

First round

이차

Second round

삼차

Third round

회식

Company dinner

맥날

McDonald's

스벅

Starbucks

EXCLAMATIONS

헐

What/OMG/ What the

헉!

OMG

아싸!

Yes!/Yay! Hooray!

대박!

Awesome

엄마야!

OMG!/Oops

우와

Wow

참!

By the way

아이씨

Ah crap/ Oh no/Cmon

아이고!

Oops!/ Ohh!

아!

Ouch!/ By the way

어?

Huh?

네?

Yes?

진짜?

Really?/Forreal?/ Seriously?

그래요?

Is that so?

정말?

Really?

짱!

Awesome!/ Cool!

어머나!

OMG!

LAUGHTER

ㅋㅋㅋ

keu keu keu

키키

keke

표 ㅎㅎ

puahaha

푸하하

puahaha

ㅎㅎㅎ

hahaha

헤헤헤

hehehe

INTERNET/EMOTICONS

ㅂㅂ

Bye bye

ㄱㄱ

Good game

ㄱㄱ

Go go

ㅅㅅ

Nice play (gaming)

ㄴㄴ

No no

ㅇㅇ

Yes/응

• ㄸㄸ

F*ck you

ㄷㄷ

Trembling

ㄹㄹ

Congrats

ㅠㅠ/ㅂㅂ

Crying

ㅇㅋ

Okay

• ㄷㄹ

Shutup

ㅈ-ㅈ

Scratching head

ㅈㅈ;

Sweating

ㅈㅈ

Surprised

ㄹㅇ

Congrats

ㄱㅅ

Thank you

쌤

Teacher

방아

Nice to meet you

ㅎㅇ

Hi

ㅈㅈ

Now

어케

How

ㅈㅈ

Keep up the good work

^^

Happy

ㅈㅈ~

Winking

ㅈㅈ

Serious

ㅈㅈ

Bored

@_@

Confused

OTL

Disappointed

=_ =

Sleepy

ㅈㅈ

Kissing

EMOTIONS/FEELINGS

꿀잼

Really funny/ Interesting

노잼

Not funny or interesting

솔까말

Speak honestly

더럽게

Badly

극혐

Disgusted

깜놀

Surprised

• 안물

I didn't ask you

안습

Watery eyes from being embarrassed

근자감

Extreme self confidence

케미

Chemistry (love wise)

웃프다

Funny but sad

멘붕

Mental breakdown

행쇼

Let's be happy

• = Considered rude/ Has negative connotations

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BASIC KOREAN VERBS YOU SHOULD KNOW

PT. 1!



하다

(ha-da) To do



자다

(ja-da) To sleep



걷다

(geot-da) To walk



보다

(bo-da) To see/look



말하다

(mal-ha-da) To speak



먹다

(meok-da) To eat



가다

(ga-da) To go



요리하다

(yo-ri-ha-da) To cook



읽다

(ik-da) To read

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BASIC KOREAN VERBS YOU SHOULD KNOW

PT. 2!



사다

(sa-da) To buy



여행하다

(yeo-haeng-ha-da)
To travel



묻다

(moot-ta) To ask



포기하다

(po-gi-ha-da)
To give up



마시다

(ma-si-da) To drink



울다

(ul-da) To cry



생각하다

(saeng-gak-ha-da)
To think



공부하다

(gong-bu-ha-da)
To study



춤추다

(chum-chu-da)
To dance

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LANGUAGES IN KOREAN (PT.1)

한국어/
조선어

KOREAN
(han-guk-eo/jo-seon-eo)

영어

ENGLISH
(yeong-eo)

일본어

JAPANESE
(il-bon-eo)

중국어

CHINESE
(jung-guk-eo)

독일어

GERMAN
(dok-il-eo)

프랑스어

FRENCH
(peu-rang-seu-eo)

이탈리아어

ITALIAN
(i-tal-li-a-eo)

아랍어

ARABIC
(a-rab-eo)

타갈로그

TAGALOG
(ta-gal-lo-geu)

러시아어

RUSSIAN
(leo-si-a-eo)

스페인어

SPANISH
(seu-pe-in-eo)

포르투갈어

PORTUGUESE
(po-leu-tu-gal-eo)

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LANGUAGES IN KOREAN (PT.2)

폴란드어

POLISH
(pol-lan-deu-eo)

태국어

THAI
(tae-guk-eo)

베트남어

VIETNAMESE
(be-teu-nam-eo)

터키어

TURKISH
(teo-ki-eo)

스웨덴어

SWEDISH
(seu-we-den-eo)

라틴어

LATIN
(la-tin-eo)

히브라이어

HEBREW
(he-beu-la-i-eo)

그리스어

GREEK
(geu-li-seu-eo)

핀란드어

FINNISH
(pin-lan-deu-eo)

네덜란드어

DUTCH
(ne-deol-lan-deu-eo)

덴마크어

DANISH
(den-ma-keu-eo)

아프리카ンス어

AFRIKAANS
(a-peu-li-kan-seu-eo)

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WAYS TO EXPRESS LAUGHTER IN KOREAN



ㅋㅋㅋ

ㅎㅎㅎ

표ㅎㅎ

Most common form of laughing. Pronounced as “ㅋㅋㅋ” (keu-keu-keu). The more “ㅋs” used, the funnier something is.

Korean form of “haha”. Short for “하하하” (ha-ha-ha). This one is common, but ㅋㅋㅋ is still used more.

Korean form of “puhaha”. Short for “프하하” (peu-ha-ha). This one usually represents a huge laugh.

ㅋㄷ

헤헤헤

키키키

Another way to write laughter although this one is not used as often. Short for “키득키득”.

Korean version of “hehehe”. Similar to “ㅎㅎㅎ”.

A cuter version of “ㅋㅋㅋ”. Pronounced as “kikiki”.

TYPES OF DEER IN KOREAN

Inspired by & in Collaboration with LingoDeer



순록

(sul-lok)
Reindeer



말코손바닥사슴
(mal-ko-son-ba-dak-
sa-seum)
Moose



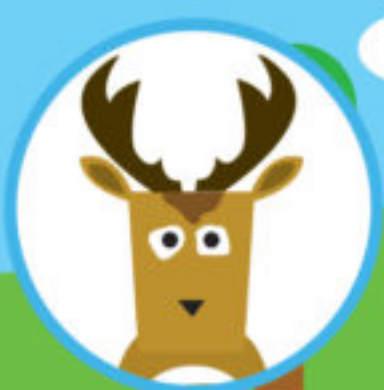
와피티사슴

(wa-ti-pi-sa-seum)
Elk



다마사슴

(da-ma-sa-seum)
Fallow deer



흰꼬리사슴

(hwin-ggo-ri-sa-seum)
White tailed deer



남방안데스사슴

(nam-bang-an-de-seu
-sa-seum)
South Andes deer



링고사슴

(ling-go-sa-seum)
Lingodeer

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LingoDeer

Making words more casual or cute in Korean

Adding “ㅇ” as the
last consonant
for example:

왜? → 왜?
(wae) (waeng)

네 → 네
(ne) (neng)

이쁘다 → 이쁘당
(i-ppeu-da) (i-ppeu-dang)

Adding “ㅁ” or “음” as the
last consonant
for example:

아니야 → 아니얌
(a-ni-ya) (a-ni-yam)

오빠야 → 오빠얌
(o-ppa-ya) (o-ppa-yam)

좋아요 → 좋아염
(jo-a-yo) (jo-a-yeom)

HOW TO SAY MILK IN KOREAN



우유
(u-yu)

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MONTHS AND HOLIDAYS IN KOREAN



Months are pretty easy to learn in Korean.
If you already know the numbers 1-12 (sino), you can know
how to say every month by just assigning the number
to the order of the month in the year.

For example:

1 = 일 month = 월

so...

January = 일월
(eel-weol)

For example:

4 = 사 month = 월

so...

April = 사월
(sa-weol)

So let's go through every month
and their holidays...



January

- Major holidays:
- New Year's Day (1.1)
 - Seollal (Lunar New Year)
(First day of the first Lunar Month)



February

- Major holidays:
- Seollal (Lunar New Year)
(First day of the first Lunar Month)



March

- Major holidays:
- Independence Day (3.1)



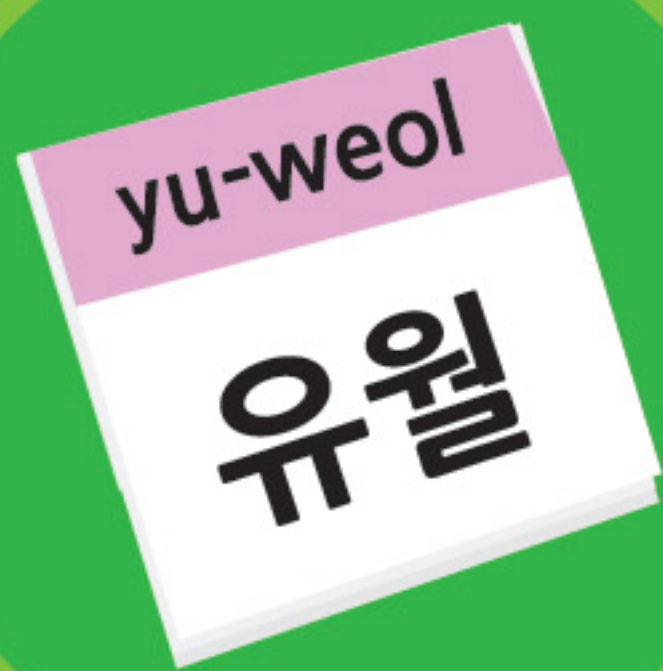
April

No major holidays



May

- Major holidays:
- Labor Day (5.1)
 - Children's Day (5.5)
 - Parent's Day (5.8)
 - Buddha's Birthday (8th day of the 4th lunar month)



June

- Major holidays:
- Memorial Day (6.6)



July

- Major holidays:
- Constitution Day (7.17)



August

- Major holidays:
- Liberation Day (8.15)



September

- Major holidays:
- Chuseok (15th day of the 8th lunar month)



October

- Major holidays:
- Chuseok (15th day of the 8th lunar month)
 - Armed Forces Day (10.1)
 - National Foundation Day (10.3)
 - Hangul Day (10.9)



November

No major holidays



December

- Major holidays:
- Christmas Day (12.25)

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MOVIE GENRES IN KOREAN (PT.1)



액션
(aek-shyeon)
Action



스릴러
(seu-lil-leo)
Thriller



코미디
(ko-mi-di)
Comedy



로맨틱코미디
(lo-maen-tik-ko-mi-di)
Romantic Comedy



로맨스
(lo-maen-seu)
Romance



SF
Science Fiction



공포
(gong-po)
Horror



멜로
(mel-lo)
Melodrama



에로
(e-ro)
Erotic

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HOW TO SAY NO IN KOREAN



Informal

아니
(a-ni)

Use this with people
younger than you &
people close to you



**Formal/
Standard**

아니요
(a-ni-yo)

Use this with people
older than you or
with people you don't
know well.

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KOREAN NUMBERS

THE BASICS

1

Korean has two sets of numbers. Native and Sino. Sino numbers are taken from Chinese.

NATIVE

1	하나	hana
2	둘	dool
3	셋	set
4	넷	net
5	다섯	da-seot
6	여섯	yeo-seot
7	일곱	il-gob
8	여덟	yeo-deol
9	아홉	ah-hob
10	열	yeol
20	스물	seu-mool
30	서른	seo-reun

SINO

1	일	eel
2	이	ee
3	삼	sam
4	사	sa
5	오	oh
6	육	yook
7	칠	chil
8	팔	pal
9	구	goo
10	십	ship
100	백	baek
1000	천	cheon

2

With the numbers 1-10, you can easily count upward by simply putting them together.

NATIVE

열 + 하나 = 11 (10 + 1) 스물 + 아홉 = 29 (20 + 9)

Native Korean numbers are rarely used above 60

SINO

십 + 일 = 11 (10 + 1) 오십 + 육 = 56 (50 + 6)

백 + 일 = 101 (100 + 1)

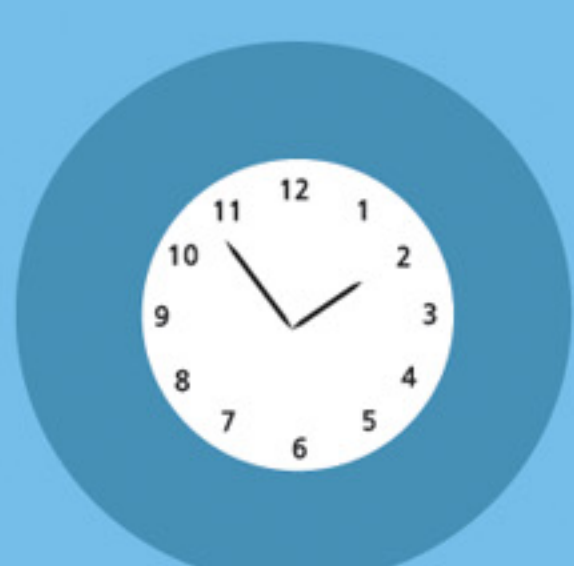
3

When do we use each set of numbers? It depends on what unit of time or things you are talking about.

NATIVE



Age
(with 살)



Hour of
a day



Number of
people



Number of
things

SINO



Age
(with 세)



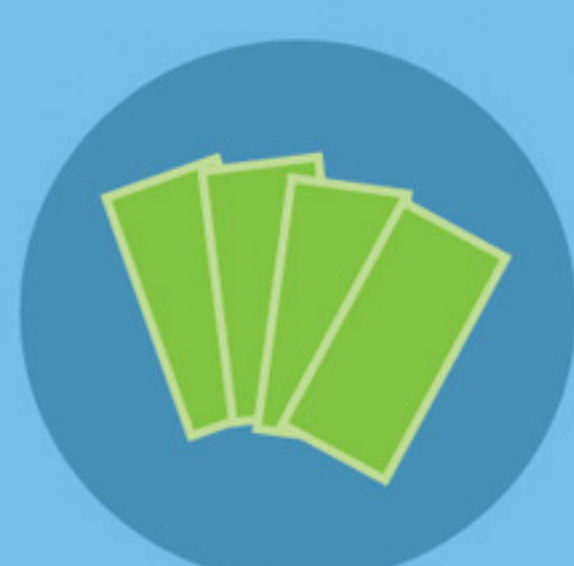
Date



Temperature



Minutes &
seconds



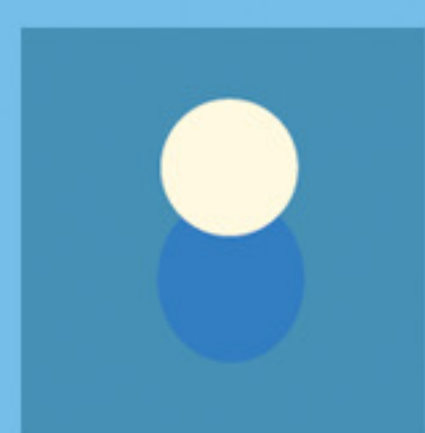
Money



Phone numbers

4

The Korean language also uses different counters for different things.



명
(myeong)
people (informal)



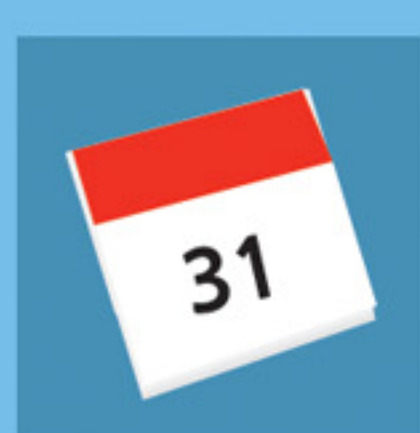
분
(boon)
people (formal)



병
(byeong)
bottles



장
(jang)
paper



월/년
(weol/nyeon)
months/years



송이
(song-ee)
bunches of things
like flowers, bananas,
and grapes



개
(gae)
for things
in general



대
(dae)
vehicles &
machinery



초/분
(cho/boon)
seconds/minutes



살/세
(sal/seh)
years

Usually if people can't remember a counter for an object, they will just use "개"

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한국어 의성어

KOREAN ONOMATOPOEIA

(The creation of words that imitate natural sounds)

PEOPLE

1. 음
um..
2. 아야!
ouch!
3. 앗!
oops!
4. 에취!
achoo!
5. 쪽
kiss
6. 쉿!
shhh!
7. 두근두근
throbbing heart
8. 남남
chewing food
9. 엉엉
crying
10. 드르렁
snoring
11. 짹짹
clapping
12. 쿨럭쿨럭
coughing

1. "eum" 2. "ah-yah" 3. "aht" 4. "eh-chui" 5. "jjok"
6. "shweet" (say quickly) 7. "doo-geun-doo-geun" 8. "nyam-nyam" 9. "eong-eong"
10. "deu-leu-leong" 11. "jjak-jjak-jjak" 12. "kol-lok-kol-lok"

ANIMALS

13. 멍멍
dog (bark)
14. 꿀꿀
pig
15. 야옹
cat
16. 맴맴
cicada
17. 음메
cow/sheep
18. 깼깼
duck
19. 개굴
개굴
frog
20. 짹짹
mouse
21. 뽀약
뽀약
baby chicks
22. 구구
pigeon
23. 꼬끼오
rooster
24. 부엉
부엉
owl

13. "meong-meong" 14. "ggool-ggool" 15. "ya-ong" 16. "maem-maem" 17. "eum-meh"
18. "kkwaek-kkwaek" 19. "gae-gool-gae-gool" 20. "jjik-jjik" 21. "bbi-yak-bbi-yak"
22. "goo-goo" 23. "kko-kki-oh" 24. "bu-eong-bu-eong"

OTHERS

25. 땡땡땡
clang clang
26. 쿨쿨
sleeping
27. 주룩
주룩
falling rain
28. 반짝
반짝
shine/sparkle
29. 킁
creak
30. 씩
zoom
31. 식
whoosh
32. 쿵
crashing
33. 땡땡
door bell
34. 툽툽툽
knock
35. 땡땡
car horn
36. 따끈
따끈
warm

25. "daeng-daeng-daeng" 26. "kool-kool" 27. "ju-reuk-ju-reuk" 28. "bban-jjak-bban-jjak"
29. "ggeek" 30. "sshing" 31. "shwik" 32. "kwang" 33. "ding-dong"
34. "ddok-ddok-ddok" 35. "bbang-bbang" 36. "dda-kkeun-dda-kkeun"

↑ [OPPOSITES] ↓

IN KOREAN



덥다
(deop-da)
to be hot (air)



춥다
(chup-da)
to be cold (air)



길다
(gil-da)
to be long (length)



짧다
(jjal-da)
to be short (length)



빠르다
(ppa-leu-da)
to be fast



느리다
(neu-li-da)
to be slow



좋다
(jot-da)
to be good



나쁘다
(na-ppeu-da)
to be bad



넓다
(neol-da)
to be wide



좁다
(job-da)
to be narrow



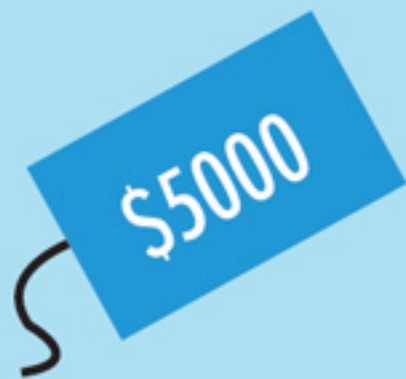
젊다
(jeol-da)
to be young



늙다
(neul-da)
to be old



싸다
(ssa-da)
to be cheap



비싸다
(bi-ssa-da)
to be expensive



행복하다
(haeng-bok-ha-da)
to be happy



슬프다
(seul-peu-da)
to be sad



맑다
(mal-da)
to be clear



흐리다
(heu-li-da)
to be cloudy



낮다
(nat-da)
to be low (objects)



높다
(nop-da)
to be high (objects)

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PARTICLES IN KOREAN

은/는

(eun/neun)

Topic or subject marking particle. 은 is used following a consonant while 는 is used following a vowel.

나는 선생님이다.
I am a teacher.

이/가

(i/ga)

Identifier/subject particle. 이 is used following a consonant while 가 is used following a vowel.

내가 할게요.
I'll do it.

도

(do)

Used as an additive particle. Equivalent to "too" or "also".

나도 학생이다.
I am a student too./
I am also a student.

을/를

(eul-reul)

An object marking particle (attached to an object a verb describes). 을 is used after a consonant while 를 is used after a vowel.

책을 읽었다.
I read a book.

에게/한테/께

(e-ge/han-te/kke)

A dative particle. Used for when you are giving or receiving something from someone. 께 is honorific, 에게 is formal, and 한테 informal.

너한테 할 말이 있어.
I have something to tell you.

으로/로

(eu-ro/ro)

Used to describe a way or method of doing something. 으로 is used following a consonant other than 'ㄹ'. 로 is used after a vowel or after 'ㄹ'.

가위로 종이를 잘랐다.
I cut paper with scissors.

에/에서

(e/e-seo)

Time and location marking particle. 에서 is used as "from" and "to". 에서 can also be used as "in" or "at" if the verb is not motion related.

몇 시에 만날까요?
What time should we meet?

부터/까지

(bu-teo-kkaji)

Used as "from" and "to". Specifically as to when something starts and finishes.

4시까지 기다릴게요.
I will wait until 4 o'clock.

들

(deul)

Plural marker. Usually only attached to person nouns and not objects. Attaching this to objects sounds awkward.

사람들이 많네요.
There are a lot of people.

만

(man)

Means "only" and is used after nouns.

물만 마셨다.
I only drank water.

의

(ui)

Possessive marker.

한국의 수도는 서울이다.
The capital of South Korea is Seoul.

과/와/랑/이랑

(gwa/wa/rang/i-rang)

Used to express "with", "and", or "as with". 과/이랑 are used after a consonant and 와/랑 are used after a vowel. 랑 & 이랑 are more informal and is mainly used in speech.

빵이랑 우유를 먹었어요.
I ate bread with milk.

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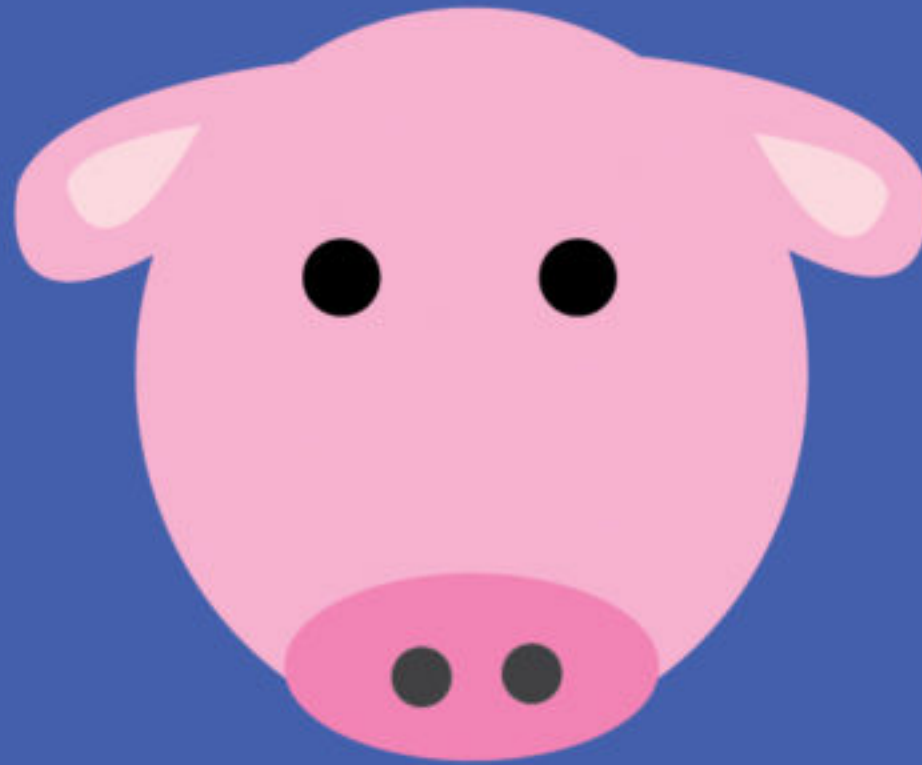
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HOW TO SAY PIG IN KOREAN



돼지
(dwae-ji)

Used for the name
of the animal and for
Korean dishes served
with pork.

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KOREAN PREPOSITIONS (POSITION WORDS)



위에
(wi-e)
On, above, over



옆에
(yeop-e)
Next to



아래에
(a-rae-e)
Under



사이에
(sa-i-e)
Between



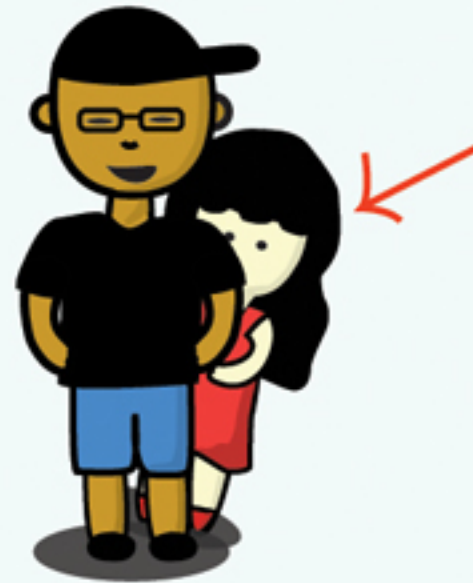
안에
(an-e)
Inside



밖에
(bakk-e)
Outside



앞에
(ap-e)
In front of



뒤에
(dwi-e)
Behind

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PRONOUNS IN KOREAN: I, ME, MY, MINE

Informal



나
(na)
I

+

Me

는 = 나는 (난) (na-neun/nan)
가 = 내가 (nae-ga)
를 = 나를 (날) (na-reul/nal)

Basic form
is "나의" which
turns into "내"

written Korean

내
(nae)
My

spoken Korean

내 것/내 꺼
(nae-geot/nae-kkeo)
Mine

Formal



저
(jeo)
I

+

Me

는 = 저는 (전) (jeo-neun/jeon)
가 = 제가 (je-ga)
를 = 저를 (절) (jeo-reul/jeol)

Basic form
is "저의" which
turns into "제"

written Korean

제
(je)
My

spoken Korean

제 것/제 꺼
(je-geot/je-kkeo)
Mine

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QUESTION ? WORDS

왜

(wae)

Why

어디

(eo-di)

Where

뭐

(mweo)

What

어느

(eo-neu)

Which

언제

(eon-je)

When

어떻게

(eo-tteo-ge)

How

누가/
누구

(nu-ga/nu-gu)

Who

어떤

(eo-ddeon)

What
kind of

무슨

(mu-seun)

What
kind of

얼마/
얼마나

(eol-ma/eol-ma-na)

How
much/many

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RELIGIONS



기독교/천주교
(gi-dok-gyo/cheon-ju-gyo)
Christianity/Catholicism

Considered separate religions in Korea



불교
(bul-gyo)
Buddhism



이슬람교
(i-seu-lam-gyo)
Islam



힌두교
(hin-du-gyo)
Hinduism



유대교
(yu-dae-gyo)
Judaism



바하이교
(ba-ha-i-gyo)
Baha'i-ism



도교
(do-gyo)
Taoism



자나이교
(ja-na-i-gyo)
Janaism



무신론
(mu-shin-ron)
Atheism



불가지론
(bul-ga-ji-ron)
Agnosticism



신토
(shin-to)
Shintoism



천도교
(cheon-dok-gyo)
Cheondoism



유교
(yu-gyo)
Confucianism



무종교
(mu-jong-gyo)
Paganism

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LOVE LETTER



FIRST LOVE



SECRET CRUSH



LOVE TRIANGLE



SAME SEX LOVE



COUPLE



HONEY



HONEY
(MARRIED COUPLES)



PLAYBOY



TO BREAK UP



TO CONFESS



KISS (PECK)



TO BE DUMPED



TO DUMP



KISS (REAL)



PLAY HARD TO GET



BLIND DATE



GIRLFRIEND



BOYFRIEND



A LOVER



HONEY
(ONLY FROM A GIRL TO A MAN)



LOVE



SCHOOL VOCABULARY

학교 단어



학교
SCHOOL
(hak-gyo)



학원
AFTER SCHOOL
ACADEMY
(hak-weon)



유치원
KINDERGARTEN
(yu-chi-weon)



초등학교
ELEMENTARY SCHOOL
(cho-deung-hak-gyo)



중학교
MIDDLE SCHOOL
(joong-hak-gyo)



고등학교
HIGH SCHOOL
(go-deung-hak-gyo)



대학교
UNIVERSITY/COLLEGE
(dae-hak-gyo)

IN THE CLASSROOM/SCHOOL

(교실) (gyo-shil)



교장 선생님
PRINCIPAL
(gyo-jang-seon-saeng-nim)



교감 선생님
VICE PRINCIPAL
(gyo-gam-seon-saeng-nim)



부장 선생님
HEAD TEACHER
(bu-jang-seon-saeng-nim)



선생님
TEACHER
(seon-saeng-nim)



교수
PROFESSOR
(gyo-su)



학생
STUDENT
(hak-saeng)



유치원생 (유딩)
KINDERGARTEN
STUDENT
(yu-chi-weon-saeng)

초등학생 (초딩)
ELEMENTARY
SCHOOL STUDENT
(cho-deung-hak-saeng)

중학생 (중딩)
MIDDLE SCHOOL
STUDENT
(joong-hak-saeng)

고등학생 (고딩)
HIGH SCHOOL
STUDENT
(go-deung-hak-saeng)

대학생 (대딩)
UNIVERSITY
STUDENT
(dae-hak-saeng)

학년

CLASS YEAR/GRADE
(hak-nyeon)

1학년 = 1st grade, 2학년 = 2nd grade, etc...

SUPPLIES/EQUIPMENT



연필
PENCIL
(yeon-pil)



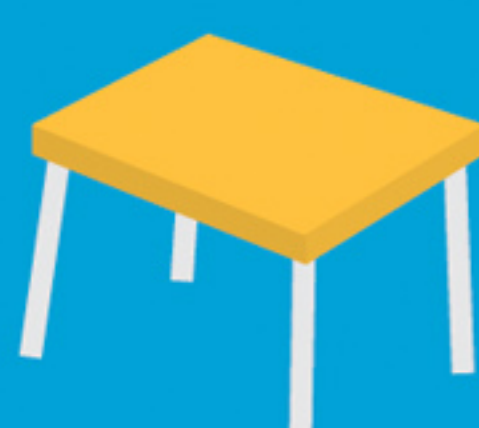
종이
PAPER
(jong-ee)



칠판
BLACKBOARD
(chil-pan)



지우개
ERASER
(ji-oo-gae)



책상
DESK
(chaek-sang)



의자
CHAIR
(ui-ja)



자
RULER
(ja)



책
TEXTBOOK
(chaek)



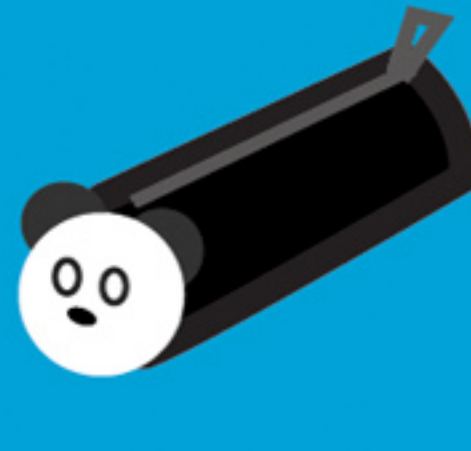
숙제
HOMEWORK
(sook-jeh)



펜
PEN
(pen)



가위
SCISSORS
(gah-wee)



필통
PENCIL CASE
(pil-tong)

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SHAPES IN KOREAN



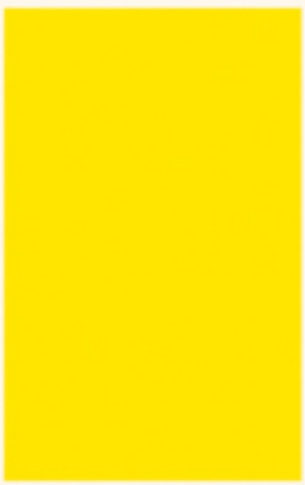
원/원형
(weon/weon-hyeong)
Circle



정사각형
(jeong-sa-gak-hyeong)
Square



삼각형
(sam-gak-hyeong)
Triangle



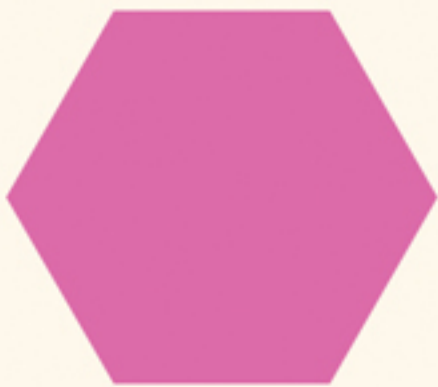
직사각형
(jik-sa-gak-hyeong)
Rectangle



타원/타원형
(ta-weon/ta-weon-hyeong)
Oval



오각형
(o-gak-hyeong)
Pentagon



육각형
(yuk-gak-hyeong)
Hexagon



팔각형
(pal-gak-hyeong)
Octagon



구/구형
(gu/gu-hyeong)
Sphere



원뿔
(weon-ppul)
Cone



원통
(weon-tong)
Cylinder



정육면체
(jeong-yuk-myeon-che)
Cube

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SHORTENED WORDS IN KOREAN

1 다음 (da-um) → 담 (dam)

2 그리고 (keu-ri-go) → 글고 (keul-go)

3 그냥 (keu-nyang) → 강 (kyang)

4 짜증나 (jja-jeung-na) → 짱나 (jjang-na)

5 알았어 (al-a-sseo) → 알써 (al-sseo)

6 우리 (u-ri) → 울 (ul)

7 처음 (cheo-eum) → 참 (cheom)

8 지금 (ji-geum) → 짐 (jim)

1 "next" 2 "and" 3 "just" 4 "annoying"
5 "ok, I know, I understand" 6 "we" 7 "first/beginning"
8 "now"

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SHORTENED WORDS IN KOREAN PT.2

- 1 그렇구나 (keu-le-gu-na) → 글썽 (keul-kun)
- 2 일요일 (il-yo-il) → 일욜 (il-yol)
- 3 모르겠어 (mo-leu-ge-sseo) → 몰겠어 (mol-ge-sseo)
- 4 어떻게 (eo-tteo-ge) → 어케 (eo-ke)
- 5 내일 (nae-il) → 널 (nael)
- 6 제일 (je-il) → 젤 (jel)
- 7 재미있어 (jae-mi-i-sseo) → 재밌어 (jae-mi-sseo)

1 "I see" 2 "Sunday" 3 "Don't know" 4 "how"
5 "tomorrow" 6 "best/most" 7 "to be fun"

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SMALL DIFFERENCES IN KOREAN (Part 1)

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네시

(ne-shi)
4 o'clock

VS.



나시

(nae-shi)
eunuch



집

(jib)
house

VS.



칩

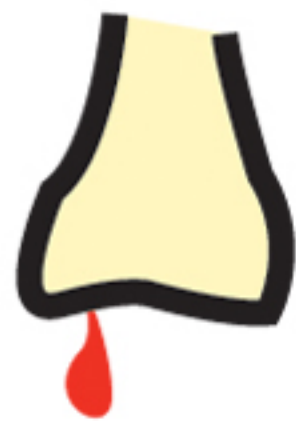
(chip)
chip(s)



커피

(keo-pi)
coffee

VS.



코피

(ko-pi)
nosebleed

casual form
of hello

안녕

(an-nyeong)

VS.



안경

(an-gyeong)
glasses

18

십팔

(ship-pal)

VS.

fuck

십팔

(shi-bal)



입

(ib)
mouth

VS.



잎

(ip)
leaf

SMALL DIFFERENCES

IN KOREAN (Part 2)

domandhyo.com



게

(ge)
crab

VS.



개

(gae)
dog



팔

(pal)
arm

VS.



발

(bal)
foot



바닥

(ba-dak)
floor

VS.



파닭

(pa-dak)
chicken with
green onions



자

(ja)
ruler

VS.



차

(cha)
tea (or car)

변신

(byeon-shin)
transformation

VS.

병신

(byeong-shin)
strong curse word
that means stupid
(don't use)



의자

(ui-ja)
chair

VS.



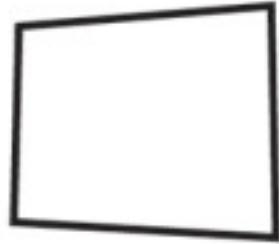
의사

(ui-sa)
doctor

SMALL DIFFERENCES

IN KOREAN (Part 3)

domandhyo.com



회색

VS.

흰색

(hweh-saek)
Gray

(hwin-saek)
White

To sit

To not be/
not do

앉다

VS.

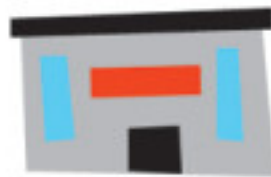
안다

(an-dda)

(an-fa)



VS.



여권

여관

(yeo-kwon)
Passport

(yeo-kwan)
Cheap motel
option in Korea

There



고기

VS.

고기

(geo-gi)

(go-gi)
Meat



VS.



야구

약국

(ya-gu)
Baseball

(yak-guk)
Pharmacy



VS.



요리

유리

(yo-ri)
Cooking

(yu-ri)
glass

SMALL DIFFERENCES IN KOREAN (Part 4)

domandhyo.com

Day after
tomorrow

모레

(mo-re)

VS.



모래

(mo-rae)

sand



그림

(geu-rim)

picture



크림

(keu-rim)

cream



풀

(pul)

grass

VS.



뿔

(bbul)

horn



미녀

(mi-nyeo)

Beautiful girl

VS.



마녀

(ma-nyeo)

witch



~시

(shi)

city/town

ex: 서울시

VS.

Mr./Ms.

씨

(sshi)



거저

(geo-jeo)

for free

VS.

Rude way of
saying go away

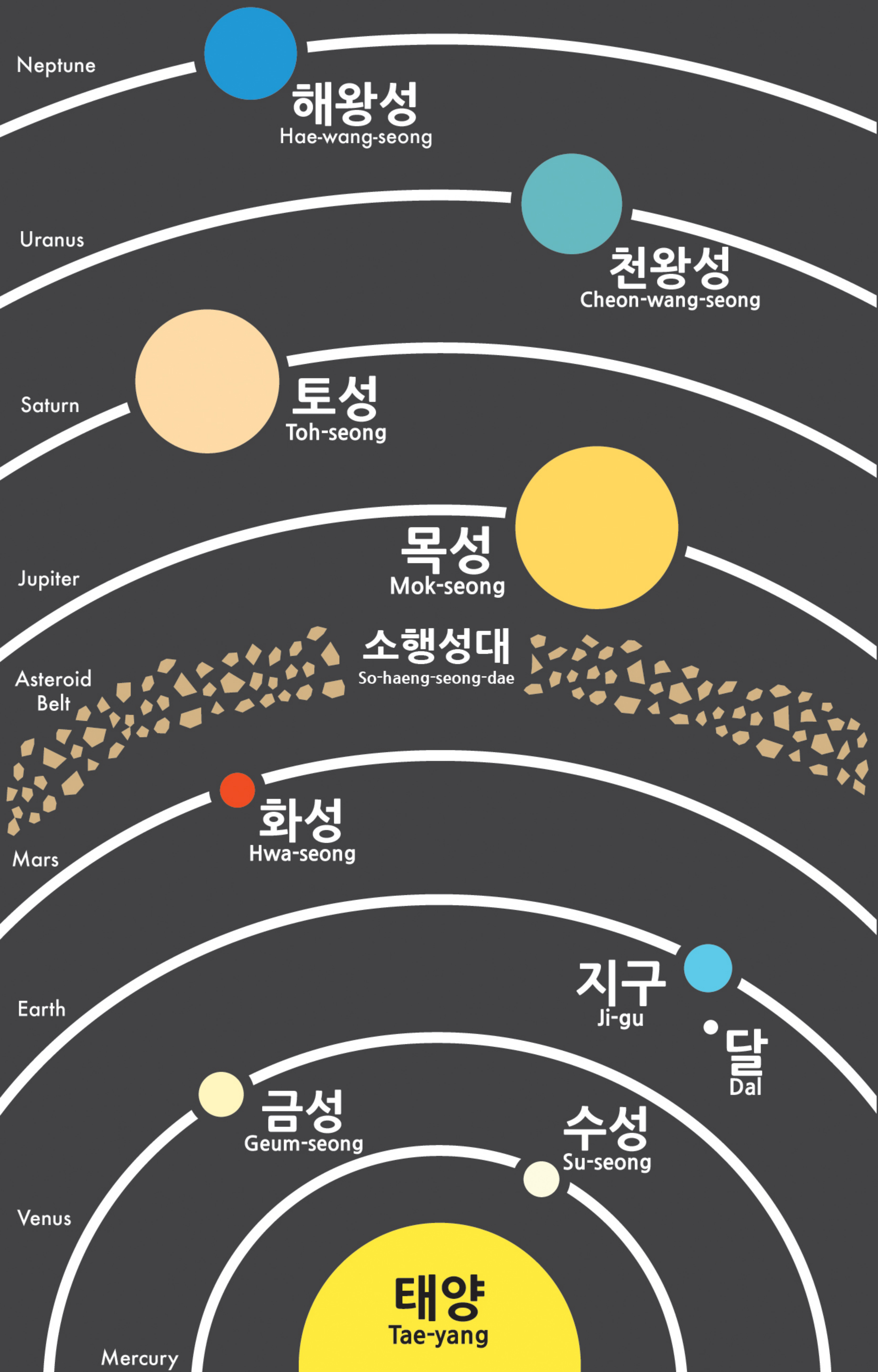
거저

(ggeo-jyeo)

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THE SOLAR SYSTEM

태양계





SORRY!

IN KOREAN

A bit more respectful

Formal

죄송합니다

(joe-song-ham-ni-da)

미안합니다

(mi-an-ham-ni-da)

Standard

죄송해요

(joe-song-hae-yo)

미안해요

(mi-an-hae-yo)

Casual

X

There is no casual version of 죄송합니다 since it is used in a respectful context

미안해

(mi-an-hae)

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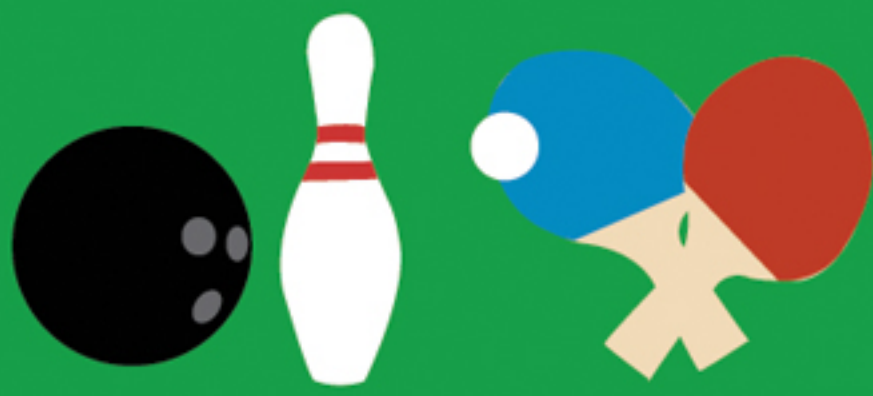


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SPORTS



양궁
(yang-gung)
Archery



배드민턴
(bae-deu-min-teon)
Badminton



야구
(ya-gu)
Baseball



농구
(nong-gu)
Basketball



볼링
(bol-ling)
Bowling



복싱/권투
(bok-sing/gweon-tu)
Boxing



미식축구
(mi-shik-chuk-ku)
American Football



골프
(gol-peu)
Golf



하키
(ha-ki)
Hockey



스키
(seu-ki)
Skiing



축구
(chuk-ku)
Football/Soccer



수영
(su-yeong)
Swimming



탁구
(tak-ku)
Table Tennis



테니스
(te-ni-seu)
Tennis



배구
(bae-gu)
Volleyball

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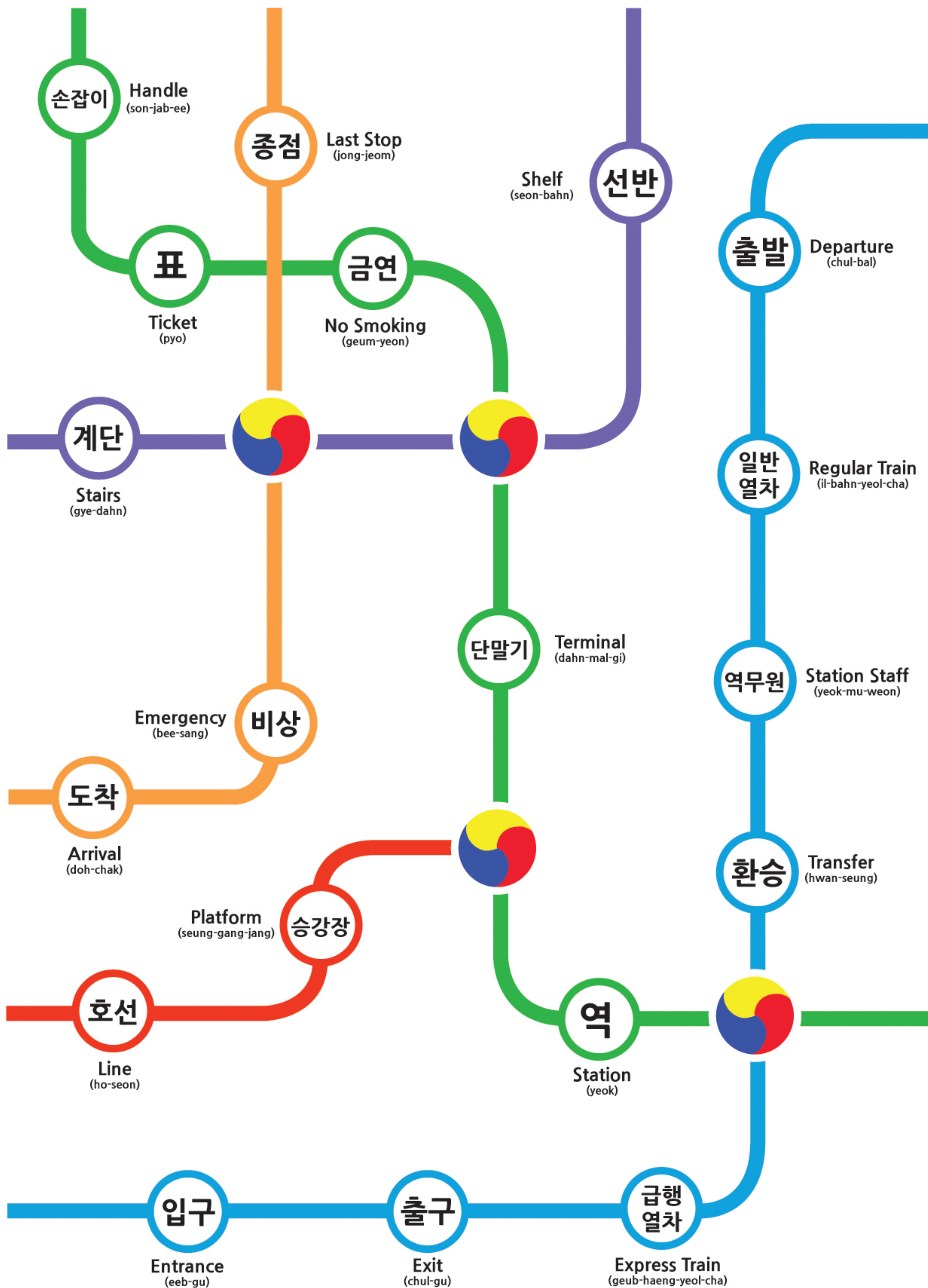


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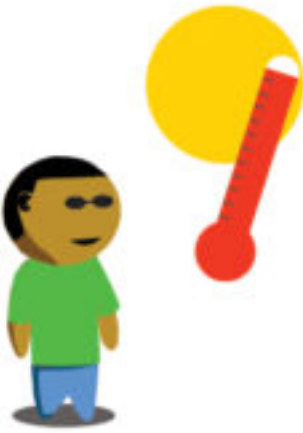
SUBWAY VOCABULARY

지하철 단어

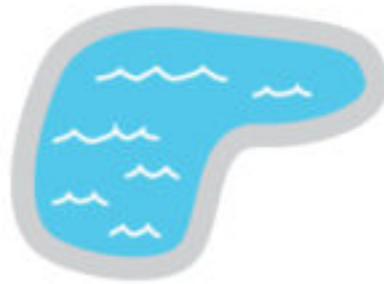
- Vocab Line 1
- Vocab Line 2
- Vocab Line 3
- Vocab Line 4
- Vocab Line 5

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KOREAN SUMMER VOCABULARY



여름
(yeo-reum)
Summer



수영장
(su-yeong-jang)
Swimming pool



선글라스
(seon-geul-la-seu)
Sunglasses



수영복
(su-yeong-bok)
Swimming suit



해변
(hae-byeon)
Beach



덥다
(deop-da)
Hot



해/태양
(hae/taeyang)
Sun



장마
(jang-ma)
Rainy season



지옥
(ji-ok)
Hell

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HOW TO SAY SUN IN KOREAN



해

(hae)

The most common
way of saying
sun in Korean.

태양

(taeyang)

A more proper
and scientific way
of saying sun.

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@ SYMBOLS @



물음표
(mul-eum-pyo)
Question Mark



느낌표
(neu-kkim-pyo)
Exclamation Point



샵/우물정
(shab/u-mul-jeong)
Pound sign/Hashtag
(Read as '우물정' in
phone numbers or
at the bank)



마침표/온점
(ma-chim-pyo/on-jeom)
Period



쉼표
(shwium-pyo)
Comma



별표
(byeol-pyo)
Asterisk



작은 따옴표
(jak-eun tta-om-pyo)
Single Quotation Marks



큰 따옴표
(keun tta-om-pyo)
Quotation Marks



괄호
(gwal-ho)
Parenthesis



소괄호
(so-gwal-ho)
Parentheses



대괄호
(dae-gwal-ho)
Brackets



골뱅이
(gol-baeng-i)
at



앰퍼샌드
(aem-peo-saen-deu)
Ampersand



언더바
(eon-deo-ba)
Underscore



콜론
(kol-lon)
Colon



세미콜론
(se-mi-kol-lon)
Semicolon



대시/하이픈
(dae-shi/ha-i-peun)
Dash/Hyphen
(Read as '에' in
phone numbers)



슬래시
(seul-lae-shi)
Slash



퍼센트/프로
(peo-sen-teu/peu-ro)
Percent



띄어쓰기/공백
(ttui-eo-sseu-gi/gong-baek)
Space

TERMS OF ENDEARMENT

Names for girlfriends/wives and boyfriends/husbands

애인

(ae-in)
Sweetheart

연인

(yeon-in)
Couple

여보

(yeo-bo)
Darling/Honey
(only for married couples)

자기야

(ja-gi-ya)
Baby/Honey

내 사랑

(nae sa-rang)
My love

부부

(bu-bu)
Married couple

Names for girlfriends/wives

여자친구
(여친)

(yeo-ja-chin-gu)
Girlfriend

공주님

(gong-ju-nim)
Princess

우리
강아지

(u-ri gang-a-ji)
My puppy

짹짹이

(jjing-jjing-i)
Cute term for
a girl who whines

Names for boyfriends/husbands

남자친구
(남친)

(nam-ja-chin-gu)
Boyfriend

오빠

(o-ppa)
Honey (if older)

서방님

(seo-bang-nim)
Husband

왕자님

(wang-ja-nim)
Prince

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HOW TO SAY TIGER IN KOREAN



호랑이
(ho-rang-i)

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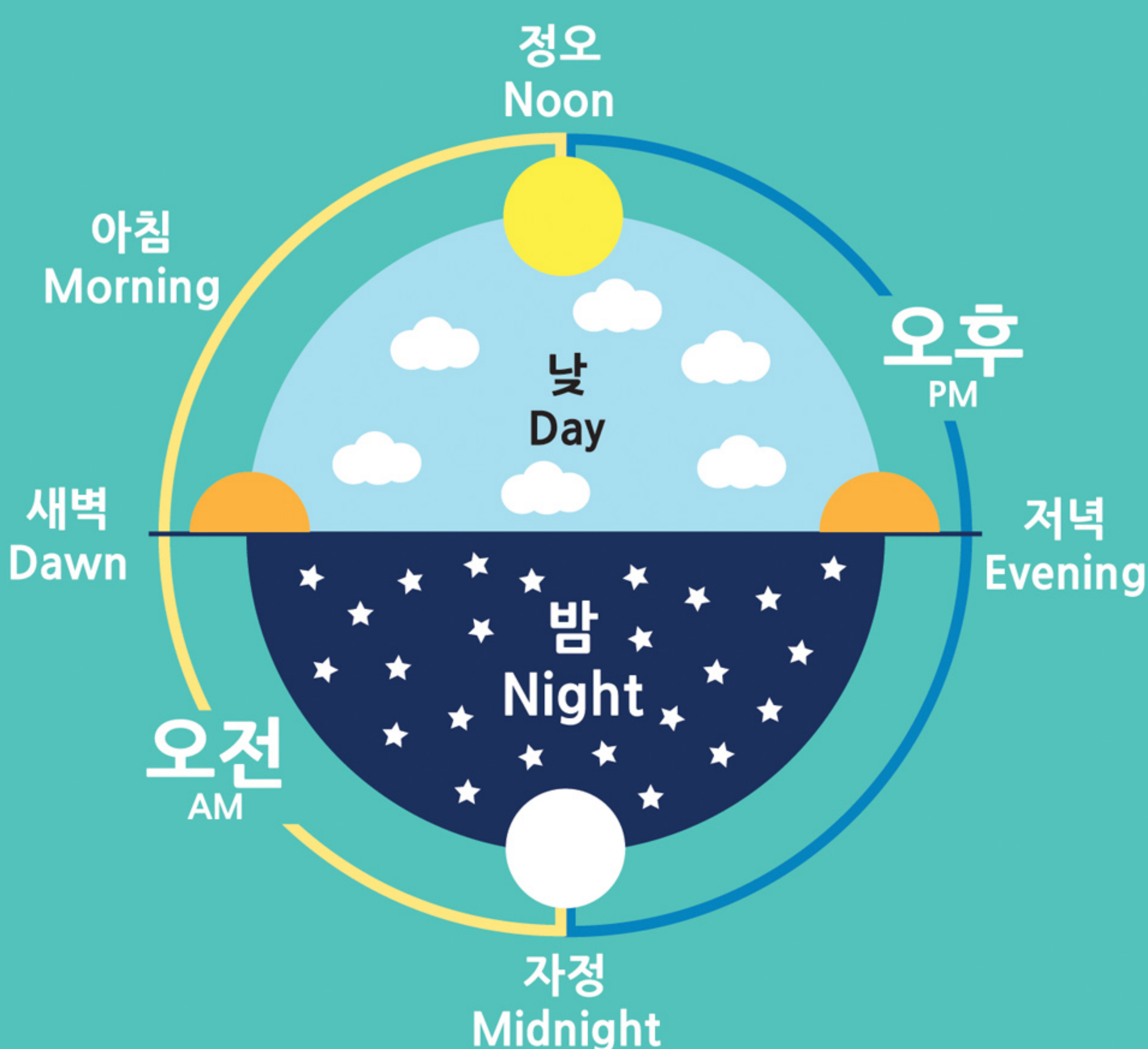
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PERIODS OF TIME



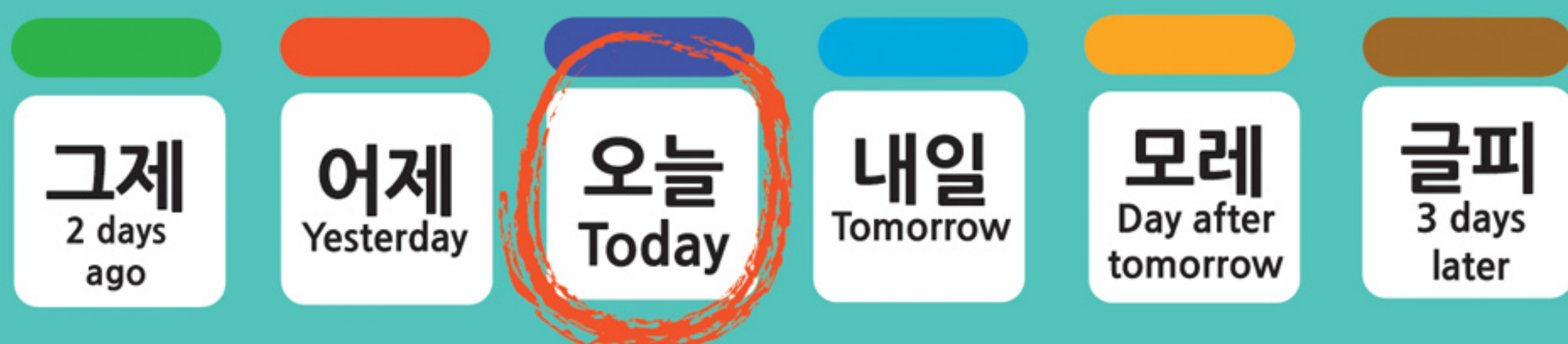
TIMES OF THE DAY



RECENT TIME



DAYS



MONTHS



YEARS



LONG PERIODS OF TIME



TITLES FOR PEOPLE in KOREAN

교수님

(gyo-su-nim)
Professor

선생님

(seon-saeng-nim)
Teacher

의사선생님

(ui-sa-seon-saeng-nim)
Doctor

누나

(nu-na)
Older female
(used by men)

오빠

(o-ppa)
Older male
(used by women)

언니

(eon-ni)
Older female
(used by women)

형

(hyeong)
Older male
(used by men)

아주머니

(a-ju-meo-ni)
Ms./Married
older woman
(honorific)

아저씨

(a-jeo-ssi)
Mr./Married
older man
(honorific)

기사님

(gi-sa-nim)
Driver
(honorific)

어르신

(eo-reu-shin)
Elder person
(honorific)

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TRAVEL VOCABULARY

IN KOREAN



여행 가방

(yeo-haeng ga-bang)
Luggage/Suitcase



여권

(yeo-gweon)
Passport



비행기

(bi-haeng-gi)
Airplane



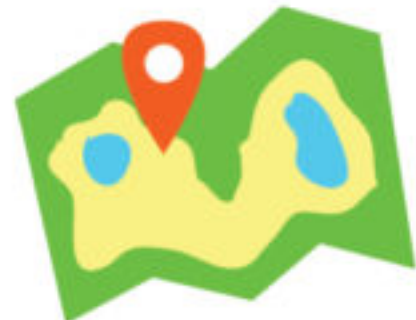
기차

(gi-cha)
Train



택시

(taek-shi)
Taxi



지도

(ji-do)
Map



호텔

(ho-tel)
Hotel



돈

(don)
Money



지하철

(ji-ha-cheol)
Subway

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HOW TO SAY “WEAR” IN KOREAN (THERE ARE MANY WAYS)



입다

(ib-da)

To wear (clothes on your upper and lower body)



쓰다

(sseu-da)

To wear things on your head such as glasses, hairbands, hats, etc.



메다

(meh-da)

To wear things over your shoulders like backpacks or bags



매다

(mae-da)

To wear things you can tie or fasten



끼다

(kki-da)

To wear things on your hand such as gloves or rings.



신다

(shin-da)

To wear things on your feet such as shoes or socks



차다

(cha-da)

To wear things on your limbs like belts or watches.



벗다

(beot-da)

To take off anything

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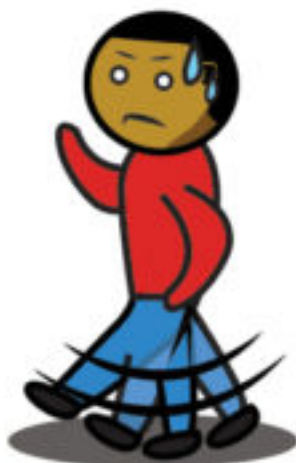
A few mimetic words describing walking

Korean has a lot of words like these for actions and sounds. They are called **의태어** or **의성어**



성큼성큼

(seong-keum-seong-keum)
Walking with
large strides



쫘쫘

(jong-jong)
Scurrying



어슬렁어슬렁

(eo-seul-leong-
eo-seul-leong)
Walking like a tiger
(slowly and wandering)

You can pair these with the verb "걷다"
which means to walk.

WATER IN KOREAN



물

Other related words:



비

Rain



바다

Ocean



눈물

Tears



수돗물

Tap Water

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WEATHER KOREAN VOCABULARY



태양/해

(tae-yang/hae)
sun



구름

(geu-reum)
cloud



맑은

(mahl-geun)
clear



비

(bee)
rain



무지개

(mu-jee-gae)
rainbow



눈

(noon)
snow



태풍

(tae-poong)
typhoon/
hurricane



토네이도

(to-neh-ee-do)
tornado



바람

(ba-ram)
wind



안개

(ahn-gae)
fog



천둥/번개

(cheon-dung/
beon-gae)
thunder/lightning



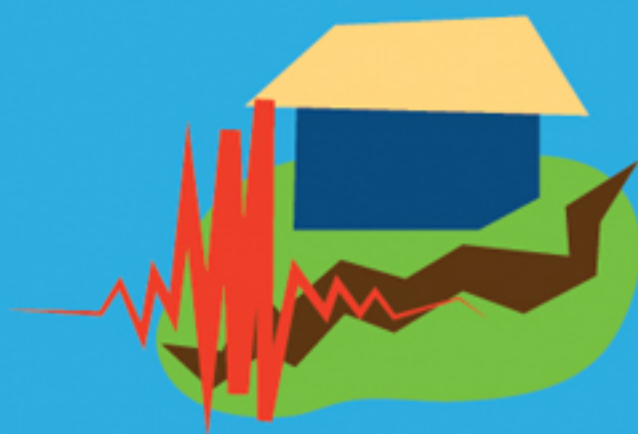
덥다

(deop-dah)
hot



춥다

(chup-dah)
cold



지진

(jee-jeen)
earthquake



홍수

(hong-su)
flood



가뭄

(gah-moom)
drought

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DESCRIBING WEEKS IN KOREAN



(ju)
Week



(ji-nan-ju)
Last week



(ji-ji-nan-ju)
Week before
last



(i-beon-ju)
This week



(da-eum-ju)
Next Week



(da-da-eum-ju)
Week after
next week



(ju-mal)
Weekend



(pyeong-il)
Weekdays



(mae-ju)
Every week

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DESCRIBING YEARS IN KOREAN



(hae/nyeon)
Year



(jak-nyeon)
Last year



(jae-jak-nyeon)
Year before
last



(ol-hae/
geum-nyeon)
This year



(nae-nyeon/
da-eum-hae)
Next year



(nae-hu-nyeon)
In two years



(yeon-gan)
Yearly



(yeon-cho)
Beginning of
the year



(yeon-mal)
End of the year



(sae-hae)
New year



(geu-hae)
That year



(mae-nyeon/
hae-ma-da)
Every year

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KOREAN WINTER VOCABULARY



겨울
(gyeo-ul)
Winter



눈
(nun)
Snow



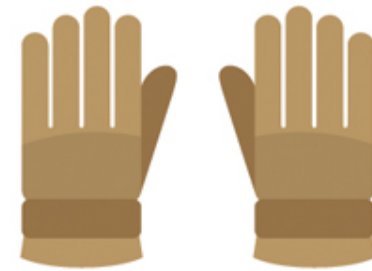
눈사람
(nun-sa-ram)
Snowman



코트
(ko-teu)
Coat



목도리
(mok-do-ri)
Scarf



장갑
(jang-gab)
Gloves



춡다
(chup-da)
Cold



눈송이
(nun-song-i)
Snowflake



핫초코
(hat-cho-ko)
Hot Chocolate

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PRINCESS IN KOREAN



공주

(gong-ju)

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HOW TO SAY LOVE IN KOREAN



사랑
(sa-rang)

Others:

연정
(yeon-jeong)
Passion &
attachment

애정
(ae-jeong)
A feeling of
love & affection

애타
(ae-chak)
More like
attachment

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HOW TO SAY RAIN IN KOREAN



비
(bi)

지금 비 와요
(ji-geum bi wa-yo)
It's raining now.

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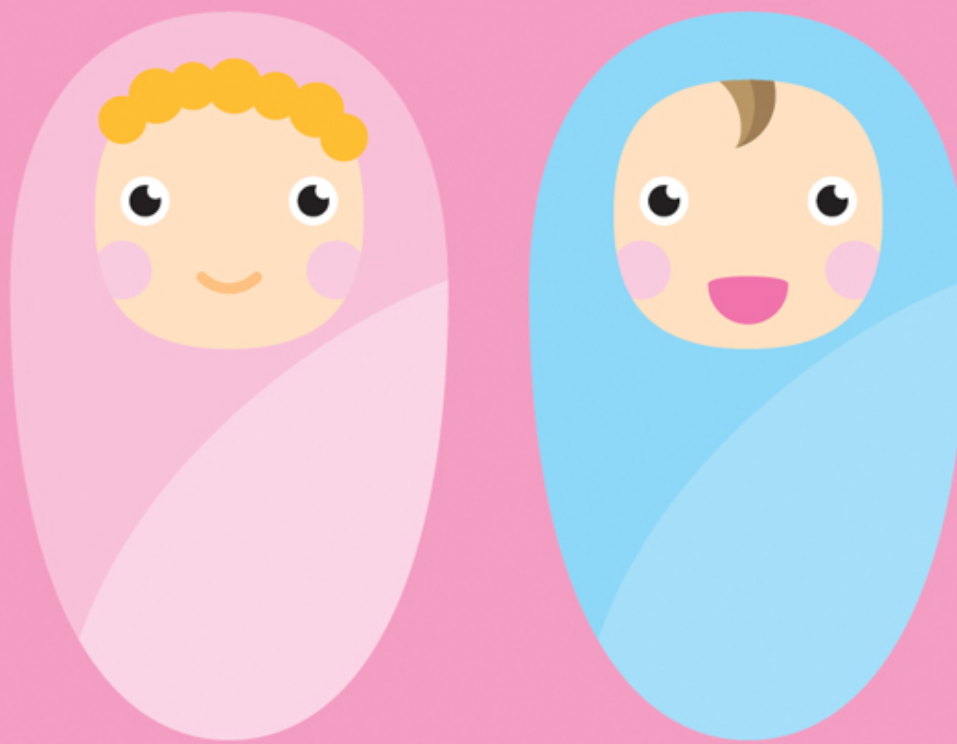
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HOW TO SAY BABY IN KOREAN



아가 / 애기 / 아기
(a-ga) / (ae-gi) / (a-gi)

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COUNTING TO TEN IN KOREAN

Native Korean

Used for numbers of items and age

1

하나
(ha-na)

2

둘
(dul)

3

셋
(set)

4

넷
(net)

5

다섯
(da-seot)

6

여섯
(yeo-seot)

7

일곱
(il-gop)

8

여덟
(yeo-deol)

9

아홉
(a-hop)

10

열
(yeol)

Sino Korean

Used for dates, money, addresses, phone numbers, and numbers above 100

1

일
(il)

2

이
(i)

3

삼
(sam)

4

사
(sa)

5

오
(o)

6

육
(yuk)

7

칠
(chil)

8

팔
(pal)

9

구
(gu)

10

십
(ship)

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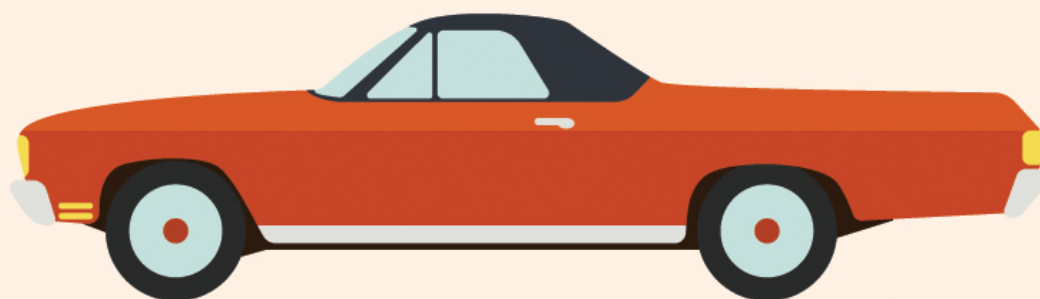
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HOW TO SAY CAR IN KOREAN



자동차/차
(ja-dong-cha/cha)

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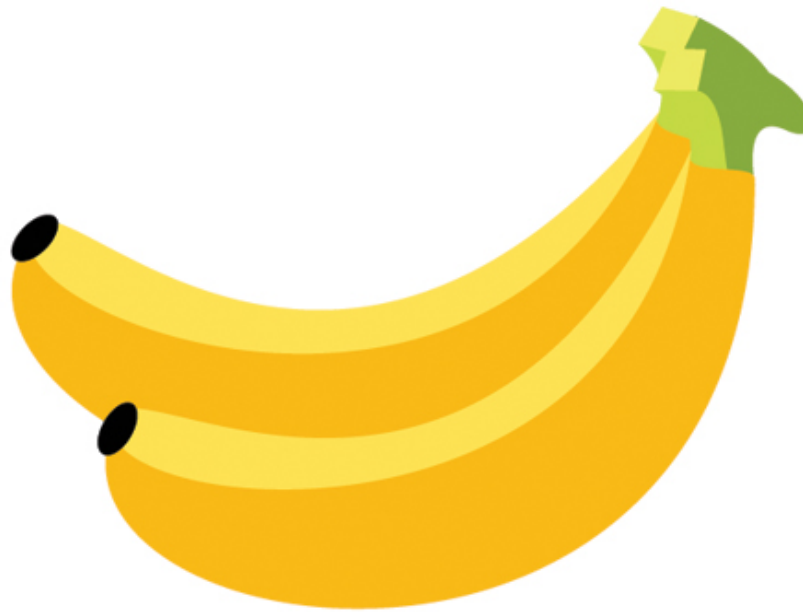
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HOW TO SAY BANANA IN KOREAN



바나나
(ba-na-na)

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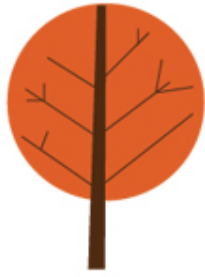
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KOREAN **AUTUMN** VOCABULARY



가을
(ga-eul)
Autumn



잎
(ip)
Leaf/Leaves



할로윈
(hal-lo-ween)
Halloween



단풍
(dan-pung)
Autumn foliage



스웨터
(seu-we-teo)
Sweater



호박
(ho-bak)
Pumpkin



쌀쌀한 날
(ssal-ssal-han nal)
Chilly day



달
(dal)
Moon



갈퀴
(gal-kwi)
Rake

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HOW TO SAY FRIEND IN KOREAN



친구
(chin-gu)

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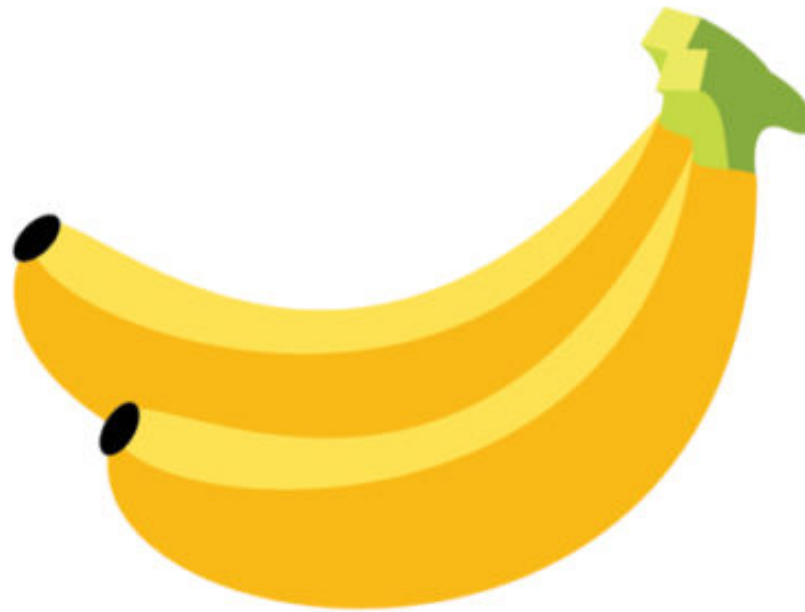
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HOW TO SAY BANANA IN KOREAN



바나나
(ba-na-na)

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KOREAN WINTER VOCABULARY



겨울
(gyeo-ul)
Winter



눈
(nun)
Snow



눈사람
(nun-sa-ram)
Snowman



코트
(ko-teu)
Coat



목도리
(mok-do-ri)
Scarf



장갑
(jang-gab)
Gloves



춡다
(chup-da)
Cold



눈송이
(nun-song-i)
Snowflake



핫초코
(hat-cho-ko)
Hot Chocolate

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HOW TO SAY LOVE IN KOREAN



사랑
(sa-rang)

Others:

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Passion &
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애정
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A feeling of
love & affection

애타
(ae-chak)
More like
attachment

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HOW TO SAY DAD IN KOREAN



Polite

아버지
(a-beo-ji)

Formal

아버님
(a-beo-nim)

Informal

아빠
(a-ppa)

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HOW TO SAY HAPPY NEW YEAR IN KOREAN



새해 복 많이 받으세요
(sae-hae bok man-i ba-deu-se-yo)



Formal

새해 복 많이 받으십시오
(sae-hae bok man-i ba-deu-ship-shi-o)



Informal

새해 복 많이 받아
(sae-hae bok man-i ba-da)

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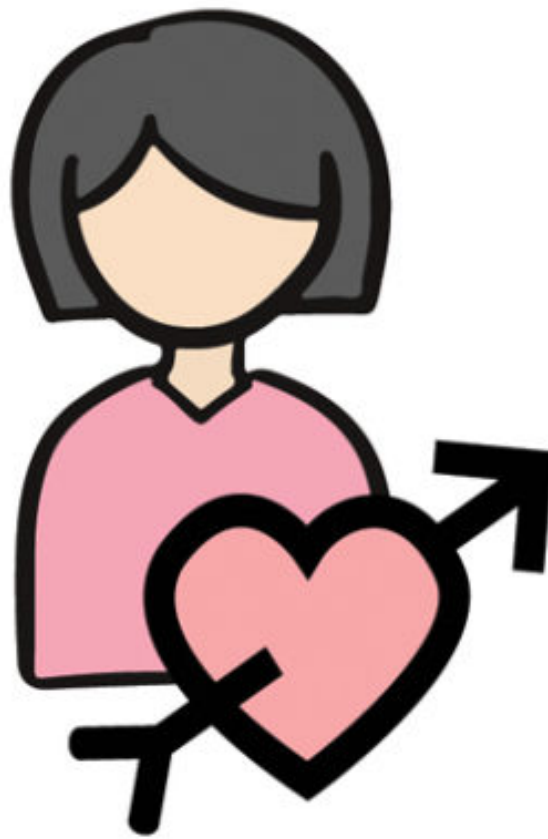
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HOW TO SAY GIRLFRIEND IN KOREAN



여자친구/여친
(yeo-ja-chin-gu/yeo-chin)

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HOW TO SAY UNCLE IN KOREAN

(This may get confusing!)



Paternal uncle

삼촌

(sam-chon)
Father's unmarried
younger brother

큰아버지

(keun-a-beo-ji)
Father's older
brother (married or
unmarried)

작은아버지

(ja-geun-a-beo-ji)
Father's married
younger brother

고모부

(go-mo-bu)
Father's sister's
husband

Maternal uncle

외삼촌

(woe-sam-chon)
Mother's brother
(married or unmarried)

이모부

(i-mo-bu)
Mother's sister's
husband

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HOW TO SAY RICE IN KOREAN



밥

(bap)

Cooked rice

쌀

(ssal)

Uncooked rice

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HOW TO SAY MOM IN KOREAN



어머님

(eo-meo-nim)
When referring
to someone else's
mother

어머니

(eo-meo-ni)
When referring
to your own mother

엄마

(eo-ma)
The equivalent
of 'mom' in English

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HOW TO SAY SISTER IS IN KOREAN

For women talking about their sister

OLDER SISTER

언니
(eon-ni)

YOUNGER SISTER

(여)동생
([yeo] dong-saeng)

* 언니 is also used in general by many women when referring to a close female friend who is older.

For men talking about their sister

OLDER SISTER

누나
(nu-na)

YOUNGER SISTER

(여)동생
([yeo]-dong-saeng)

* 누나 is also used in general by many men when referring to a close female friend who is older.

Also note that with 동생, 남 and 여 are usually omitted.

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KOREAN **SPRING** VOCABULARY



봄
(bom)
Spring



꽃
(ggot)
Flower(s)



벚꽃
(beot-ggot)
Cherry blossoms



무지개
(mu-ji-gae)
Rainbow



비
(bi)
Rain



벌
(beol)
Bee



나비
(na-bi)
Butterfly



우산
(u-san)
Umbrella



소풍
(so-pung)
Picnic

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KOREAN **SPRING** VOCABULARY

PART 2



연
(yeon)
Kite



노란색
(no-ran-saek)
Yellow



비옷
(bi-ot)
Raincoat



풀
(pul)
Grass



잎
(ip)
Leaf



나무
(na-mu)
Tree



초록색
(cho-rok-saek)
Green



새
(sae)
Bird



파랑색
(pa-rang-saek)
Blue

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KING IN KOREAN



왕
(wang)

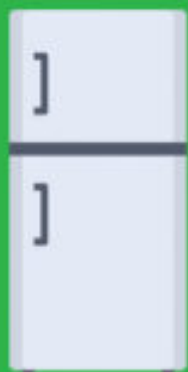
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KOREAN VOCABULARY FOR INSIDE THE HOME



냉장고
(naeng-jang-go)
Refrigerator



램프
(laem-peu)
Lamp



옷장
(ot-jang)
Closet



서랍
(seo-rab)
Drawer



변기
(byeon-gi)
Toilet



창문
(chang-mun)
Window



다리미
(da-ri-mi)
Iron



소파
(so-pa)
Sofa



침대
(chim-dae)
Bed

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HOW TO SAY DOG IN KOREAN



개
(gae)

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TYPES OF FOOD IN KOREAN



우유
(u-yu) Milk



고기
(go-gi) Meat



과일
(gwa-il) Fruit



계란/달걀
(gye-ran/dal-gyal) Egg



소금
(so-geum) Salt



치즈
(chi-jeu) Cheese



빵
(bbang) Bread



샐러드
(sael-leo-deu) Salad



야채/채소
(ya-chae/chae-so)
Vegetables

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TYPES OF FOOD IN KOREAN

PT. 2



샌드위치

(saen-deu-wi-chi)

Sandwich



피자

(pi-ja) Pizza



초밥/스시

(cho-bab/seu-shi) Sushi



주스

(ju-seu) Juice



후추

(hu-chu) Pepper



치킨

(chi-kin) Chicken



꿀

(kkul) Honey



설탕

(seol-tang) Sugar



버터

(beo-teo) Butter

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HOW TO SAY RED IN KOREAN



빨간색
(bbal-gan-saek)

TELLING TIME IN KOREAN



십오분
 (sip-o-bun)
 a quarter after
 ex. 네 시 십오분 = 4:15



삼십분/반
 (sam-sip-bun/ban)
 half past
 ex. 네 시 반 = 4:30



사십오분
 (sa-sip-o-bun)
 a quarter to
 ex. 네 시 사십오분 = 4:45

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HOW TO SAY GOLD IN KOREAN



금

(geum)
the metal itself

금색

(geum)
the color gold

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HOW TO SAY COFFEE IN KOREAN



커피
(keo-pi)

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HOW TO SAY ANGEL IN KOREAN



천사
(cheon-sa)

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MATH VOCABULARY IN KOREAN



수학

(su-hak)
Math



더하기

(deo-ha-gi)
addition



빼기

(bbae-gi)
subtraction



곱하기

(gob-ha-gi)
multiplication



나누기

(na-nu-gi)
division



은/는

(eun/neun)
equals



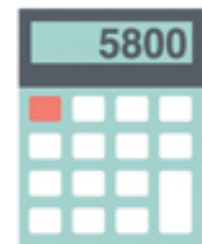
무한대

(mu-han-dae)
infinity



원주율

(weon-ju-yul)
Pi



계산기

(gye-san-gi)
calculator

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NATURE WORDS IN KOREAN



강
(gang)
river



호수
(ho-su)
lake



산
(san)
mountain



숲
(sup)
forest



사막
(sa-mak)
desert



바다
(ba-da)
sea



하늘
(ha-neul)
sky



섬
(seom)
island



언덕
(eon-deok)
hill

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